

THE HERMON NEWS.

VOLUME II.

HERMON, N. Y., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1902.

NUMBER 47

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

C. P. DAY, Dentist.

All Up-to-date Work, First Class.
Prices—Reasonable.
Office over J. E. Nobleman's Drug Store
Hermon, N. Y.

D. C. A. NORTHRUP,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office over Conant's Drug Store.
Hermon, N. Y.

F. W. DELMAGE,

B. A., M. D., C. M.
Graduate of Toronto Arts and McGill
in Medicine.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Church St. — Hermon, N. Y.

G. T. CRANEY,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office over Conant's Drug Store
Church Street, Hermon, N. Y.

H. W. DAY,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR
AT LAW.
Hermon, N. Y.

D. R. P. PARKER,

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Practice in State and United States
Courts; Bankruptcy a specialty.
Pensions and Patents obtained.
Money to loan on good security.
Real estate bought and sold.
Office over J. D. Ryel's, Hermon,
N. Y.

Hardwood Floors

Laid and Finished
Estimates and designs furnished
on application.
Hardwood Flooring for Sale.

L. K. FULLER, Hermon, N. Y.

STAGE TIME TABLE

DEKALB JUNCTION.

No. 1 Going South 6:30 A. M.
No. 2 Going North 9:30 A. M.
No. 3 Going South 11:15 A. M.
No. 4 North & South 3:15 P. M.
RUSSELL.

No. 1 Leaves At 6:30 A. M.
No. 2 Leaves At 12 Noon.

All packages sent away must be
marked in the left hand corner, the
sender's name and address.

E. S. Burnham.

Russell House

RUSSELL,
N. Y.

E. SEYMOUR, PROP.

TABLE
UNEXCELLED.
ALL
MODERN
IMPROVEMENTS.

First Class Barn in Con-
nection with Hotel.

A. McMillan & Son

Hermon, N. Y.

Harnesses, Blankets,
Fly Nets,
Whips, Dusters,
Lap Robes,
Harness Oils, Axle Grease,
Spavin Cure and
Daniel's
Veterinary Remedies.

Repairing a Specialty.
Satisfaction
Guaranteed

A. McMillan & Son
Hermon, N. Y.

Star Cream Separator

For a long time it has been known that by adding to new milk a like quantity of cold water, the cream will rise in a comparatively short time. This method of separating the cream from the milk is being very generally adopted since it has been fully proven that you get ALL THE CREAM and make the BEST OF BUTTER. By contracting for a large number I am able to sell a very superior one for about ONE-HALF THE PRICE that is generally charged for a much poorer one.

Roofing Material.

I have a full stock of felt roofing, prepared for this northern country, which for cheapness and durability is far ahead of any other roof you can put on. It can be used over shingles, or on a flat roof with good results. Come and see us before putting on your roof.

R. G. SMITH,
Russell, N. Y.

FURNITURE

FOR ONE WEEK
ONLY

For Cash!

You can buy anything in the Furniture
Line at 10 per cent. Discount.
Now is the time to look
us over and get
your supply.

E. E. STALBIRD & Co.

The First Class Furniture Store.

CHURCH ST. HERMON, N. Y.

Padgett's New Store

AT EDWARDS.

"The Store That Grows"

THIS WEEK:

BEAUTIFUL

NEW CHINA
DISHES

Ladies who are interested should call
early and bring their
coupons.

Very Respectfully,

G. H. PADGETT, Edwards.



Take Phillip's Celery
Headache Cure, A. J. P.
Cold Cure, Phillip's Indian
Herb Cough Cure and Phil-
lip's Asthma Relief. The
Famous A. J. P. Rheumatic Cure is
guaranteed to cure or money re-
funded. For sale by R. A. Conant,
J. E. Robinson, Salem Town and O.
M. Baker.

DeKalb Junction, N. Y.

Mr. A. J. Phillips, Norwood, N. Y.
Dear Sir:—I have had six bottles
of your Famous Rheumatic Cure. I
took five bottles and my husband
took one, and we would like to take
more of it. I sent for six bottles
more by the lady who brought me
the first, but she is sick in bed and
cannot attend to it, so I write to ask
for the agency of it, as there are so
many here who would like to try it,
as it has done me so much good.
When I began to take your Rheuma-
tic Cure I couldn't walk only as I
pushed a chair, and was in such pain
that I couldn't lie down in bed at
night. Now I am doing all my
housework, washing included, and
can walk as well as ever, yet I don't
feel that I am quite cured. Over
four years ago I began to suffer with
lumbago and rheumatism of the mus-
cles. I began to employ doctors and
buy liniment, that cost me a good
many dollars. But I never got any
help until I took the Famous A. J.
P. Rheumatic Cure. I feel grateful
for what it has done for me that I
cannot help but recommend it to all
I see suffering with rheumatism.

Should you care to have me be-
come your agent write me what a
dozen bottles will cost, for which I
will send you the money.

Very truly yours,

MRS. CELESTIA GORR,

Box 261, DeKalb Junction, N. Y.

DOWNSVILLE.

Oct. 26.—The curse of intemper-
ance is the important subject at pre-
sent as we shall soon be called to the
polls to vote on this very important
subject and we must do our duty
toward God and man. We all know
the effects of intemperance and it is
our duty to warn others too. In re-
gard to this very important subject,
the curse we have in our
community is intemperance, which
has and is ruining thousands of our
best citizens, especially the young
men of our noble country and to
you who love young country and
have had a taste for strong drink,
I turn to say no Oh! no and stick to it
too. I have been a strong drinker
myself, and know the sad effects of
drinking too much and I feel like
warning others to do their duty not
only at the polls but take men who
have the habit of drinking, and sit
down with him, and as the good
book says: "Come and let us reason
together." This is the way to do to
do away with intemperance. Don't
wait to get to the polls to do your
duty but begin now and do not wait
for procrastination is the thief of
time. Don't you try to put off 'till
tomorrow what you can do today.

The health of the people of this
place is good at present.

Mrs. McCauslin and Mr. and Mrs.
E. Mandigo have gone down on the
Canton road today to see a brother.

Mr. McCauslin's daughter, Lillie,
was married last Tuesday at Stock-
holes, to Stanley Benjamin and they
went to New York on their tour.

If we make mistakes, we hope to
be excused, while we try to do
our duty in filling up space for the
editor.

The weather is fine for doing our
fall work. The all that can be ex-
pected. The crops are nearly har-
vested and are very good. The po-
tatoes are a good crop. The talk
is now, where are the threshers?
We have one man in our town
still haying. We can hear his mow-
ing machine every fair day. He
says there is plenty of time yet. For
four of trying your patience I will
close.

Pop Gun.

Good Like Hot Cakes.

"The fastest selling article I have
in my store," writes druggist C. T.
Smith, of Davis, Kentucky, "is Dr.
King's New Discovery for Consump-
tion, Coughs and Colds, because it
always cures. In my six years of
sales it has never failed. I have
known it to save sufferers from
Throat and Lung diseases, who could
get no help from doctors or any other
remedy." Mothers rely on it, best
physicians prescribe it, and Jas. E.
Robinson guarantees satisfaction or
refund price. Trial bottles free. Reg-
isters, 50c and \$1.

Builders Beware

of cheap paints and oils. I have the
best, also roofing paper, nails, etc.
Geo. A. Sheidow, DeKalb Junction.

SOMETHING TO THINK ABOUT.

Editor of the HERMON NEWS.

In your introductory to your patrons
in this your new field of journalism
you stated that politically you were
an Independent Republican and your
paper would be conducted as such
but that your columns
would always be open to
the Independent citizen and those
who desire to discuss the political
issues in fairness. Therefore I beg
leave to ask your readers to carefully
weigh the few items I may present.

Partisanship today has become
Supreme and it is hard for a voter
to change, no matter how great the
need of individual and independent
thought and action and how import-
ant the demand upon the voter so to
do. Party ties and party al-lin-ers
are at the elbow of the voter and
fairly force away his personal and in-
sents the crowd, swallows the
whole dose and fails to remedy the
evil no matter how great the ne-
cessity. This is the worst feature of
our system and so belittles the man
as to make him a simple tool of ma-
chine politics. And the independent
voter in truth and fact is the only
true character of a man in the politi-
cal field. It is a well known fact
that this congressional district forced
by political trickery a man for con-
gress upon the republican ticket of
very insignificant qualities and every
republican nearly in the County do-
nounces the act.

One of St. Lawrence's noblest sons,
the Hon. M. R. Malby was turned
down to give room to greed and
plunder, whereby a few might be
benefitted and this great and import-
ant district to be fairly non-represent-
ed during two important years to
come. But the independent voter
joined with the Democratic conven-
tion solicited and procured Mr. Mal-
by's nomination upon that ticket.
He is a gentleman of high moral cul-
ture, a faithful legislator and a true
friend to all. St. Lawrence and all
his constituents are deeply grieved by
every good citizen and thereby the
political leaders will receive a set-
back which ought to be strong enough
to relegate them out of every party.
They are the ones that destroy the
force of the ballot by their trickery
and manipulations and the curse of
politics.

Again the republican nominee for
governor, Mr. Odell, has announced
himself in favor of large expendi-
tures upon the canals. The past win-
ter's term of the legislature was by
him urged, and with a threat unless
they passed a resolution appropriat-
ing from \$30,000,000 to \$37,000,000
for the canal expenditures. That
was to be a commencement of esti-
mated expenditures from \$125,000,
000 to \$180,000,000 in fact no defi-
nite statement has ever been made
as to the vast amount required to car-
ry the project into effect.

Let us recall the late \$9,000,000 ex-
pended by reason of the Black intro-
ductory upon the canals. The peo-
ple were told to vote for that appro-
priation; that only \$4,000,000 to \$5,
000,000 would be used and the sur-
plus would go to the public school
fund. Was a word of it true? We
all know that of that \$9,000,000, the
canals were never benefited; that the
funds were stolen and squandered;
and that St. Lawrence county will
have its share to pay. That \$9,000,
000, which has now grown to \$10,000,
000, the state has bonded itself, and
a day of reckoning will come.

We will remember the large poster
circulated by Major Daniels, chair-
man of the republican county com-
mittee, warning the voters to vote
against that bill; but once it passed
the governor, it was carried by a
large majority; and, notwithstanding
the people asked and repeatedly de-
manded an examination and explana-
tions, and the subsequent governors,
all republicans, who have promised
so to do, not one effort or act has
been done to explain it. Will the
republican voters continue in power
Mr. Odell, disregarding their sacred
duty to oppose these canal appropri-
ations in every instance and on all
occasions.

Again there is a wrong statement
as to the state expenditures showing
that they are lower than were those
of the late governor Flower as the
last democrat governor. The total
expenditures under his adminis-
tration aggregated in round numbers

\$15,000,000 while this year's ap-
propriations are \$22,770,000 or in round
numbers near \$9,000,000 more than
were expended by Gov. Flower. Can
a sane man believe the statements
put afloat as to the low-tax-system?
This system is based upon direct and
indirect taxes, and aggregating a lit-
tle over \$16,000,000 and the balance
of this \$22,000,000 must be met. How
is that provided for? By authorizing
a loan of \$6,000,000 by the Comptroll-
er, and which the taxpayers will
have to meet in the end to pay this
year's expenditures. Is this a fair
dealing with the people or isn't it a
political trick with which to cajole
the people over this fall's election,
and hoodwink them again as was
done in the celebrated \$9,000,000 can-
al steal.

Again did we ever have such great
National and State famine and trouble
as we have had the past one or two
years. Who remembers the mean
trust, who can forget the coal trust
and who realizes the sugar trust?

Who denies but that the poor, the
laborer of all classes hopes that
your vote may count against the
trusts? These are but a few words
for the independent voter who hopes
that these old party liners may be
counted down and out and so with
the canal and trusts.

AN INDEPENDENT VOTER.

His Life in Peril.

"I just seemed to have gone all to
pieces," writes Alfred Lee of Welfare
Tex., "biliousness and lame back had
life a burden. I couldn't eat or sleep
and felt almost too worn out to work
when I began to use Electric Bitters
but they worked wonders. Now I
sleep like a top, can eat anything,
have gained in strength and enjoy
hard work." They give vigorous
health and new life to weak, sickly,
run down people. Try them. Only
get at J. S. E. Robinson's Drug
store.

TROUT LAKE.

Oct. 27.—There are in our midst
once more
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Pickard visited
their daughter, Mrs. Etta Ginn at
Gouverneur recently.

Mrs. Cora Ghering of Clifton, and
Mrs. Gertrude Curtis and two child-
ren, Gerald and Ella of Russell, visit-
ed Mrs. William Cummings a part of
last week.

Little Loyd Roberts had an attack
of tonsillitis last week but is better at
this writing.

Roy Reynolds visited friends here
last week.

Alma Pickard, who was bitten
seriously by her dog, is able to again
attend school.

Several of the school children seem-
ed to be suffering with an epidemic sore
throat.

We noticed Rev. A. E. Hooper in
this place last week.

A cheeky stranger arrived at Guy
Dewey's a short time ago, both naked
and hungry. But Guy and his wife
both have large hearts and he was
extended a hearty welcome and cloth-
ed and fed and seems quite content
to stay.

Fred Burrows has greatly improv-
ed the appearance of his house with
paint. Orin Turner was the boss
workman.

Sidney Hill of Russell, visited his
sister, Villa recently.

Mrs. Z. Philbrick is visiting at
Squire Rhodes.

Mrs. P. Ware is making an extend-
ed visit at her son Elmer's.

There was a surprise party at El-
mer Ware's Friday night. A goodly
number were present and all report a
fine time.

Bad Coughs

"I had a bad cough for six
weeks and could find no relief
until I tried Ayer's Cherry Pecto-
ral. Only one-fourth of the bottle
cured me."
L. Hawn, Newington, Ont.

Neglected colds always
lead to something serious.
They run into chronic
bronchitis, pneumonia,
asthma, or consumption.

Don't wait, but take
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
just as soon as your cough
begins. A few doses will
cure you then.

Price 25c, 50c, \$1. All druggists.

Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

OLD TIME FAVORITES

THE FOOL'S PRAYER

BY H. A. SILL

The royal feast was done; the king
Bought some new sport to banish
care.
And to his jester cried: "Sir Fool,
Kneel, now, and make for us a pray-
er!"

The jester doffed his cap and bells,
And stood the mocking court be-
fore;
They could not see the latter smile
Behind the painted grin he wore.

He bowed his head and bent his knee
Upon the monarch's silken stool;
His pleading voice arose: "O Lord,
Be merciful to me, a fool!"

"No pity, Lord, could change the heart
From red with wrong to white as wool.
The red must stain the spot; but, Lord,
Be merciful to me, a fool!"

"'Tis not by guilt the onward sweep
Of truth and right, O Lord, we stay,
The be our follies that so long
We hold the earth from heaven away."

"These clumsy feet, still in the mire,
Go crushing blossoms without end;
These hard, well meaning hands we thrust
Among the heartstrings of a friend."

"The ill-timed truth we might have kept—
Who knows how sharp it pierced and stung!
The word we had not meant to say—
Who knows how grandly it had rung!"

"Our faults no tenderness should ask;
The chastening stripes must cleanse them
all;
But for our blunders—O, in shame
Before the eyes of heaven we fall!"

"Earth bears no balm for mistakes;
Men crown the knave and scourge the
tool.
That did his will; but Thou, O Lord,
Be merciful to me, a fool!"

The room was hushed; in silence rose
The king, and sought his garden cool
And walked apart, and murmured low,
"Be merciful to me, a fool!"

When the Plot Thickened.

Dudley explained his idea with en-
thusiasm.

"Something is bound to come of it,"
he said. "We will exchange mail for
one week. You must read my letters
and answer them as if they were your
own, without consulting me, or even
telling me their contents, and I will do
the same with yours. By following up
this swift correspondence I'll be sure
to get a plot."

"Quite likely," drawled Grant. "But
what do I get?"

"The satisfaction of seeing me make
a stake with an original story, and pos-
sibly a check, if that delinquent Boston
dram comes to time."

Grant pondered the proposition
doubtfully.

"It's a crazy notion," he said, at
length, "but since I get scarcely any
mail up town except laundry bills and
circulars from local tradesmen, the
chances of your prying into any of my
secrets seems exceedingly slim, so I
suppose I can safely accommodate you.
When do you wish to put the system
into operation?"

"To-morrow morning, if you're will-
ing," said Dudley. "My imagination
seems to be afflicted with a most ag-
gravated case of dry rot these days,
and the sooner I get to work on a plot
from real life the better."

At no delivery on the following day
were there any letters of importance
for either of the friends, but in the 10
o'clock mail of the second morning
there was a letter addressed to Grant
that promised interesting results. The
envelope bore unmistakable earmarks
of femininity, and in spite of their
agreement Dudley hesitated before
opening it.

"It seems hardly fair to the girl," he
thought. "Still—"

He looked across the table at Grant,
who had finished his breakfast and
was smiling over a communication to
Dudley from the ponderous Boston
firm.

"That settles it," growled Dudley.

"He's got the check, confound him, so
I might as well get even by making
the most of this innocent little note."

The letter was written to a spry-
ling, fashionable hand, and covered
several pages. Before he was half way
through Dudley perceived that he had
been precipitated into the thick of a
plot for more unique than any he had
counted on discovering.

"My dear Henry," the letter ran.
"After many months of hard work I
have come to the conclusion that the
editing of the papers left by my late
husband, General McKeever, is too big
a job for me to finish alone, and I have
decided to place them in the hands of
some trustworthy literary man who
will do justice to the General's mem-
ory. The question is, Whom shall I
employ? I wish you would advise me.
I know that you have a large acquaint-
ance among writers, and it has oc-
curred to me that you might be able to
recommend some person for the place.
From our previous conversations on
the subject, you are tolerably well
aware of the nature of the data left by
the General, and consequently you will
know what qualifications are essential
to the man who undertakes to finish
the book. The payment will be very
liberal, and whoever accepts the pos-
sion can well afford to lay aside all
other work while engaged in this.
Kindly give the matter your earnest at-
tention, and advise me as soon as you
have made a choice. Yours sincerely,
"LUELLA MCKEEVER."

"Hawthorne Apartments, Sept. 2."

Dudley read the letter several times.
Even after he knew it by heart he kept
on reading it. Presently Grant started
down town, and then he made prepara-
tions for answering it.

"She's the same old Luella," he
mused, over ink and notepaper. "I've
been thinking ever since I heard that
the General was dead, that I would
look her up and see if she were as
sweet and pretty as she used to be.
This is an unparalleled opportunity.
It's a blessing I made that contract
with Grant. He wouldn't have recom-
mended me in a hundred years, but I
shall have no hesitancy in recom-
mending myself. Luella refused me once.
In another capacity, and she may re-
fuse me now in this, but I certainly
shall not fail through want of en-
deavor."

Grant was an easy hand to imitate,
and after a couple of hours' practice
Dudley flattered himself that his writ-
ing would pass muster before anybody

less skilled than an expert. That feat
accomplished, he wrote to Mrs. Mc-
Keever.

"My dear Luella," he said. "I am
very glad that you consulted me to re-
gard a competent literary man to re-
sume editing the General's papers, be-
cause it gives me a chance to recom-
mend a man whom I think remarkably
well fitted for the post. Clarence Dud-
ley is the man I mean. You have no
doubt heard his name mentioned fre-
quently of late, for he has been doing
some very creditable work. Dudley is
a particular friend of mine. I have
known him intimately for many years,
and have always found him the right
sort. I have never known a man whom
I have liked so well. He is, by all odds,
the best friend I ever had, and if you
can see your way clear to trusting him
with your book you will be conferring
a favor upon me personally. Aside
from his attributes as an all-round
good fellow, Dudley is so well equipped
mentally that I feel sure he would
give excellent satisfaction, and I hope
you can strike a bargain with him. Let
me know at once what you think of my
selection. If your decision is favorable
I will have Dudley call on you, and you
can settle the matter to suit yourselves.
Yours,
HENRY GRANT."

Dudley did not view this effusion
with unalloyed pride.

"It is pretty fulsome, to sing
at one's own 'romance,'" he commented.
"If she should ever find out that I am
the author of the panegyric she will
certainly think me too effusive to
write a history of her deceased hus-
band. I must warn Henry to say
nothing about our compact. If he
should give me away my vanity would
certainly prove fatal."

Grant did not come up to their rooms
that night. He went word that he
should be out of town for a day or two,
but that Dudley was to stick to their
bargain and continue to answer his
share of their mail, as usual. There
was very little to answer, but it made
up in quality what it lacked in quan-
tity, for Thursday morning brought an
other letter from Mrs. McKeever.

"I was somewhat surprised at your
choice of literary executor," she wrote.
"I knew Clarence Dudley several years
ago, and have rather pleasant recollec-
tions of him, but I had hardly thought
that his literary qualifications are ex-
actly what I require. Still, you seem
to be in a position to judge him from
every standpoint, and I will gladly
grant him an interview. Before send-
ing him to me, however, there is one
point that I must make clear to you.
I should have mentioned it in my last
letter, but I shrank from doing so. But
it is too important to be put off longer.
It relates to the commands of General
McKeever. It was one of the provi-
sions of his will that no one except my-
self or my second husband should write
a use of his biography. Naturally, he
preferred that I should do it without
assistance, but he was not a jealous or
a selfish man, and he realized that I,
being a young woman, should probably
marry again. If I found the book too
great an undertaking to accomplish
alone, and decided to marry before its
completion, he expressly stipulated
that my husband should carry on the
work. So, you see, before entering into
a literary agreement with any author
I must come to an understanding with
him in regard to that clause in the
General's will. You will see, my dear
Henry, without further explanation,
that my position is most awkward. By
the General's commands I am bound
to see that the book is put on the mar-
ket, yet I am unable to finish it myself,
and am constrained to seek help only
from some man at whose head I am
virtually bound to throw myself in
marriage. For pity's sake, Henry, help
me over this difficulty. Explain the sit-
uation to Mr. Dudley as delicately as
you know how. I think it much bet-
ter that you, rather than I, should broach
the subject. Then, if he does not pos-
sively revolt, let him come to see me
Yours,
LUELLA."

Dudley spent less than ten minutes
on his reply to the second note.
"My dear Luella," he said. "Dudley
understands the situation thoroughly.
I must say that his remembrance of
you seems to be exceedingly vivid, and
he is anxious to meet you again. Not-
withstanding your frank criticism of
his work, I still think him the very
man for the place, and if agreeable to
you he will call on you Saturday after-
noon at 3.
HENRY."

Mrs. McKeever was plainly nervous
through the preliminary handshaking
when they met on Saturday afternoon,
but Dudley had braced himself for the
occasion and acquitted himself as be-
came the literary trustee of a noted
General.

"I must confess," said Mrs. McKee-
ver, "that I was astonished when Henry
Grant proposed your name as an ac-
complished historian. I did not know
that you aspired to fame in that direc-
tion. Furthermore, I didn't know that
you and Henry were such close friends."

"Oh, yes," said Dudley, carelessly.

"I've known Grant for years."
"So he tells me. He seems very fond
of you. I really did not know it was
possible for one man to care so much
for another. I hope that your are
equally devoted to him. His praise of
you is unstinted. He says that you are
the best friend he ever had, and that
he likes you better than anybody else
in the world."

"Does he?" murmured Dudley.

"Dear old Hank!"
"And, besides, he is so very proud of
your literary attainments. If I didn't
know Henry to be such a level-headed
fellow I should accuse him of gushing.
I should be afraid that his judgment
had been warped by the heat of friend-
ship, and that his recommendation was
not entirely reliable. However, I have
decided to take his advice, and if you
are willing to—to enter upon the prob-
ation which I explained to him would
be required of you—why—"

She shifted her eyes uneasily. Dud-
ley felt that he had skirted safely over
the thinnest parts of his duplicity, and
he filled up the pause hungrily.

"Now, see here, Luella," he said.
"You ought to know pretty well how I
feel about the matter. I put the ques-
tion to you six years ago, and you
turned me down most beautifully. I
swallowed the dose, I flatter myself,
with fairly good grace, but I kept on
thinking of you pretty constantly, even
after you married General McKeever
and went to Chicago to live. Ever
since you've been single again I've
been aching to sound you on the sub-
ject, but I felt rather afraid of you and
thought I'd better go slow. I want
you, Luella, and I want to write the
General's biography. Are you willing
to let it go at that?"

"Yes," sighed Mrs. McKeever; "if
you're satisfied, I am."

In the first thrill of victory Dudley
felt that the only way he could hon-
orably square himself was to confess his
double-dealing. Many times in the
course of the afternoon he was on the
point of making a clean breast of it,
but modesty always forbade.

"If I didn't spread it on so thick to
my own behalf I shouldn't mind," he
argued. "Since I did, I think I'd better
let things go as they are. I'd feel pre-
tending to have known that I
blew my own horn so loudly."

Grant came back that evening, but
Dudley was too busy pondering over
the outcome of his epistolary enterprise
to say much to him. Just before they
went to bed he remembered that he
must caution Grant to keep their
scheme a secret.

"By the way, Grant, you haven't told
anybody about our exchanging letters,
have you?" he asked.

Grant yawned. "No," said he, "only
one person. I told her the evening the
plot was hatched, but she doesn't
count. She'll never say anything about
it."

"She?" echoed Dudley. "Who is
she?"

"Oh, nobody but Luella McKeever.
She's all right."

Dudley caught his drooping head in
both hands.

"Good Lord," he said. "I've got a
plot, now, with a vengeance."—New
York Times.

A Useful Industry.
"This is the age of feats—Alpine-
climbing, Channel swimming, fasting
for weeks, searching for the North and
South Poles—the most of them being
more or less useless, and involving
quite unnecessary dangers. But per-
haps of all famous attempts to accom-
plish something because it has not
been done before, says the Dundee
Courier, nothing equals the feat of play-
ing the piano against time. An out-
break of this mania is announced from
Marseilles, where a couple of pianists,
dressed by the example of an Italian
musician who played for thirteen
hours at a stretch, have started to
break the record. The conditions are
that they shall play for thirty hours
with at most only four intervals, each
of ten minutes, for rest and refresh-
ment. Considering that those who
have to play the piano are very much
liable to ailments of the muscles and
nerves of the fingers and wrists, it
might be supposed that pianists would
not take up meaningless tasks that
would exhaust muscles and nerves
were they made of steel wire, and
tasks which, even were they accom-
plished, would make no use of their
better. It is well, however, that there
is no compulsion of the public to attend
to hear these musical freaks, and it
may be hoped that the building in
which they are carried on is situated
at a respectable distance from the
paths of an innocent public."

Not a Good Librarian.

The little daughter of the house
watched the minister, who was making
a visit, very closely, and finally sat
down beside him and began to draw
on her slate.

"What are you doing?" asked the
clergyman.

"I'm making your picture," said the
child.

The minister sat very still, and the
child worked away very earnestly.
Then she stopped and compared her
work with the original, and shook her
head.

"I don't like it much," she said.
"That's a great deal like you. I guess
I'll put a tail to it and call it a dog."
Dudley Tribune

AGRICULTURAL.

Raising Seed Potatoes.

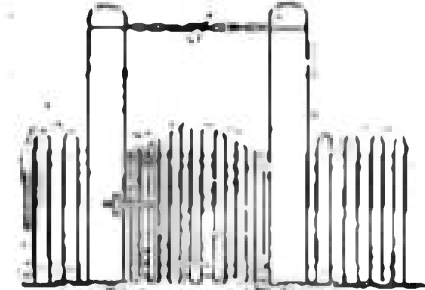
Some farmers prefer to save their
seed potatoes, but before doing so there
are precautions to be taken. The
slightest indications of disease on po-
tatoes should cause their rejection, as the
crop of next year will be diseased from
such seed. Every bushel of seed po-
tatoes should be carefully examined, and
examinations of the potatoes in the
bins should also be made during the
winter.

Best in the Clover Field.

When experts say that bees do not
get the nectar from the red clover, and
cannot until they are bred with longer
tongues, few of them would say that
bees get none from red clover, but that
they meant they obtained but a small
part of what was in it. The outer part
of the blossom of the red clover has
much shorter tubes than the center, as
any one can readily ascertain by exam-
ination, and there is no doubt but that
they reach some of this, especially
where the growth was not so rank as to
make an unusually well developed
blossom. Without the use of the mi-
croscope one might not see the bees
get this nectar, but one can see them
busy in the clover field from morning
to night when it is in full bloom, and
we think they are too wise to work
there without any returns.—The Cultivator.

A Fast Horse.

The accompanying illustration shows
how to brace two gate posts, intended
for a small passway, with a piece of
wire. The wire is doubled and placed
around each post, then a stick is in-
serted in the centre of the wire, which can



be twisted as tight as you wish. This
is more convenient and better than the
old way of bracing with large poles; it
also adds to the appearance of the
gate, making it look neat and trim.—
E. F. Busch, in The Epitomist.

Winter Care of Strawberries.

Still another inquiry comes about the
winter care of strawberries. All such
questions are very timely just now.
The strawberry bed should be where
no water can settle during the winter.
If there is the least danger, dig shallow
channels around your bed, and, if
necessary, through it. Now cover with
such material as you find most con-
venient—either sawdust or cut straw
or compost. The latter should be well
decomposed mixture, and it will do no
harm if there is a proportion of cool
ashes in the pile. Autumn leaves make
an excellent covering, but must not be
laid on too thickly. You can hold them
in place with the canvas cut from your
raspberries. Remove these and burn
in the spring. Sawdust is a first-rate
material, especially after it has been
used for bedding to horse stables. In
the spring it need not be removed, ex-
cept to rake thin on the plants and
leave it in the path. A good compost
can be treated in the same way. Straw-
berries must not be covered so thickly
as to hide the tips of the leaves. We
are gradually getting varieties with
roots strong enough to prevent their
heaving in the winter. We may be
able to entirely dispense with covering
when this evolution is carried a little
further.—E. P. Powell, in New York
Tribune Farmer.

Compost.

Flowers require a very deep, loose
soil—rich in humus. The best way to
provide this is by means of a compost
heap. An out-of-the-way place in one
corner of the garden should be selected
where all vegetable refuse may be
thrown, such as soda, surplus lily roots,
litter from raking the yard, summer
pruning refuse and anything else that
will rot down. To this should be added
an occasional pail of ashes, dish
water and other waste from the
kitchen, with the sweepings from the
chicken house, barn and other out-
houses. The whole pile should be occasionally
forked over during the summer, at
which time a little earth may be
worked through it. If any disagree-
able odor is noticed from the decaying
matter, it may be immediately con-
trolled by throwing a few shovelfuls
of dry earth over it. This should be
carefully attended to, because the odor
is not only offensive, but it carries off
fertilizing elements that should be
retained. In the fall the accumulation
should be heaped into a cone-shaped
pile and covered with grass or leaves
to prevent the water from soaking
through it all winter. It will run
down and make the very best compost
for use in the spring. A new heap
should be started at intervals; prepara-
tion must be made a year ahead.—The
Epitomist.

Care in Selling Extracted Honey.

Since extracted honey was first put
on the market, there has been a good
many ups and downs in the sale of it,
largely in consequence of the manner
and care of putting it up. A few
years ago a friend living near by suc-
ceeded in building up a very large busi-
ness in extracted honey, by going to
the larger towns, introducing his goods
by sample and selling in quart glass
fruit cans. By having his goods up to
standard he now has a large and pay-
ing trade which he has gained through
honest goods at honest prices.
Almost any beekeeper could sell his

honey crop, either extracted or comb,
in this way if he employs energy and
a little business tact. To keep ex-
tracted honey, when the price is low
on the market (as honey market is never
very active before cold weather sets
in), is sometimes quite a question. The
best way is to seal it while hot in
self-sealing jars or bottles. Both ex-
tracted and comb honey should be
kept in a dry room, and much better
if at the same time it is frost proof.
When dew or dampness forms on the
surface of honey, it is absorbed and in
time will cause it to sour and ferment.
Jars and bottles that are used are
sometimes too hastily washed and
enough water is often left in them to
cause this trouble. Quite a large trade
uses the jelly tumblers of one half and
one pound sizes. The tumblers are
made honey tight by taping a piece
of soft paper under the cover and
pressing the lid down firmly. In what-
ever shape you sell honey, make it
look its best and attractive to the eye.
Get private buyers if possible. Make
your goods so neat that your customers
will remain with you. Use an attrac-
tive label.—George H. Townsend, in
American Agriculturist.

Feeding Cattle in the Winter.

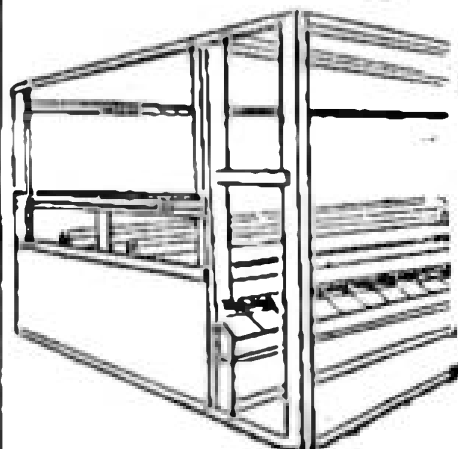
Not a few of those who will enter
for the first time, on account of high
prices for meat, the difficult work of
feeding cattle in winter will meet with
failure. The man who thinks that
winter feeding of cattle for profit is a
soap will unfortunately find his mis-
take when too late. One may feed the
cattle all right, and keep them in good
health, but the question is how to do
this so that every pound of meat made
will yield a solid profit above the cost
of food. That is the problem which
feeders have to solve through many
years of hard experience, and often
with bitter failure.

It requires a good deal of work,
study and experience to carry your
cattle through the winter successfully,
and did in the end that it has all
been well paid for. This fact should
not, however, deter one from under-
taking the work who has carefully
thought this knowledge through expe-
rience and practical test. I have fed
cattle for twenty years past, and I
have lost money some years, but in the
long run my profits have been uni-
formly satisfactory. It can be done in
some years so that one is surprised
at his own success.

After the feeding comes the equally
difficult process of selling to the
highest bidder. If you have fed properly
your cattle is worthy of the best mar-
ket. Leave the scalpers and agents
who go around the country in the in-
terests of shrewd dealers to buy up the
poor stock, but ship your animals to
responsible shippers and dealers, who
will treat you honestly. The scalpers
expect to make their profit after you,
and so they will never give you full
prices. Leave them alone, and above
all raise better beef than they gener-
ally handle.—E. P. Smith, in American
Cultivator.

A Convenient House.

The accompanying illustration needs
scarcely any explanation, as it will be
clearly seen that the arrangements are
designed solely for convenience. The
building may be of any desired size,
but one ten by twenty feet, eight feet
high in front and six in rear, makes
a convenient house. The doorway
leading to hall is at end of building
near front side, and leads to hall thro-
ugh wide, running the entire length
of building. Wire screen separates the
hall from the house proper, and the
seats are so arranged that the eggs



may be gathered without leaving it.
The dropping boards are arranged over
the seats, and by raising a hinged
door may be easily cleaned without
disturbing the fowls. The width of
the hall allows the free use of a wheel
barrow, and the work of cleaning re-
quires but a few minutes' time each
day. The walls of the house should
be of good seasoned lumber, and all
cracks should be carefully closed. Win-
dows may be put in where desired,
but we prefer as little glass as possible
in the house where poultry roosts. At-
tached to this house should be an open
front scratching shed, where the fowls
may stay during those days when out-
door exercises is forbidden. This
scratching shed should be large enough
to enable the fowls to scratch and
bustle, for it is this exercise that
makes the hens profitable. Straw or
litter of some kind, unthreshed oats
preferably, should cover the ground
to the depth of at least six inches, and
all main food should be thrown in the
middle of this.

The first work of the day for the brood
should be an hour or two at scratch-
ing, and they should never be allowed
to neglect it. Keep them in a partial
state of hunger until evening, when
they should have a full meal, sufficient
to satisfy them throughout the night.
On nice days they should be compelled
to leave the shed and take exercise in
the bright sunshine, but above all
things, do not let them form the habit
of waiting for feeding time to come.
Teach them to bustle from morning
till night, and they will keep healthy
and lay regularly. Those that do not
lay when given such care should go
to market and make way for those that
will.—Home and Farm.

OUR BUDGET OF HUMOR.

Lines on a Performer.

Here lies Otto Munk, who had
The praiseworthy art of
He was the center of a large
Circle of loving friends.
—Chicago Tribune.

Up in the West.

"Are they richer now?"
"Yes; now they talk of their 'con-
try place' instead of 'the farm.'"
—Detroit Free Press.

A Case in Point.

The Father—"One thing I want to
know, young man. Do you speculate?"
The Son—"Why, am I not going
to marry your daughter?"—Detroit
Free Press.

The Jail.

"I am going to visit the jail. There
is a man I want to see there."
"Is one all? I know about forty
who I should like to see there."
—Indianapolis News.

A Different Thing.

"You said he was a professional mu-
sician?"
"Oh, no! I endeavored to intimate
that he professed to be a musician."
—Detroit Free Press.

He Alone Did It.

The Sister—"I have become engaged
to Fred."
The Brother—"Whatever induced you
to do that?"
The Sister—"Why, Fred, of course!"
—Washington Times.

No Ear For Music.

"How did you like the music, Mr.
Judkins?" said Miss Parsons.
"I'm sorry, but I have no ear for
music," he answered.
"No," put in Mr. Jasper. "He uses
his for a pen rack."—Christian Regis-
ter.

Had Used Him Up.



William—"Why don't you do some-
thing for a living? You ought to ask
for brains instead of money."

Henry—"I just ask for what I
thought you had the most of, guinea."
—Ally Sloper.

Not Entirely Wasted.

"Maria," said Mr. Hecpeck, "you'll
never know how I appreciated your
kindness to me when you thought I
was going to die."
"Well," she replied, "I'm glad to
know that my kindness wasn't entirely
wasted, after all."—Chicago Record-
Herald.

Her Plan.

"I've been trying two weeks to coax
my husband to give me \$50 to buy a
new dress," complained Mrs. Cazzam
to Mrs. Wilkes.

"I never do that."

"What do you do?"

"I have my new dress charged and
leave my husband to fight it out with
the collector."—Hemp's Bazar.

Later Information.

Miss Malinchault—"I suppose you've
heard of my engagement to Mr.
Jinks."

Miss Ascott—"Yes, and I confess I
was surprised. You told me once that
you wouldn't marry him for a million
dollars."

Miss Malinchault—"I know, dear, but
I discovered later that he had two
millions."—Philadelphia Press.

O La-la-la!

Happy Ethel—"Every time I receive
a letter from you I think of a fishing
expedition."

Nonplussed Harry—"A what?"
Happy Ethel—"A fishing expedition—
there's such a similarity, you know."

Nonplussed Harry—"How are they
alike?"
Happy Ethel—"Well, in both cases,
you drop a line."—Yonkers Herald.

Man Not Made in Heaven.

Stokes—"Speaking of mourning, if
your rich uncle were to die, should
you put on black?"

Rickers—"Certainly not. If he left
me something handsome, why should
I be such a hypocrite as to don the
garb of woe? On the other hand, if he
left me out of his will, how could I
consistently put on mourning for such
a circumstance?"—Boston Transcript.

Terminal Not Yet Arranged.

"You have discovered a new disease,
have you, doctor? What are you go-
ing to call it?"

"That is a matter requiring some
thought," responded the eminent med-
ical specialist. "I have decided upon a
name, so far as the first three or four
syllables are concerned, but have not
made up my mind yet whether to clas-
sify it as an 'itis' or an 'osis'."—Chi-
cago Tribune.

Household Matters

Teakwood Furniture.
Quite the loveliest thing off for a Chinese room, or even a more corner, is the carved teakwood furniture. It really is Chinese, though. In fancy, picture your little corner, some shelves of the carved teakwood, for the dainty chiuware a table to match, and some uncomfortable seats in the same style (not, well, not all on the floor, even if the Orientals do). Of course, there are Chinese embroideries on the wall, and a Chinese matting beneath the feet.

Over all let us hope you have on your kimonos shined with a soft light from the big lantern above. It costs \$15, the elaborate framework, which suggests a joss house, serving to hold together a number of painted glass panels. The scenes are dramatic, but obscure, and would seem to portray the lovers familiar to the harrowing willow pattern after they had again become human, gotten married and also into difficulties more bitter than love's sweet sorrow.—Philadelphia Record

An Acorn Portiere.
"An acorn portiere? How perfectly ridiculous!"
"By no means," said the girl who had made one. "You've seen the head once that the Japs make, and the wonderful shag ones, haven't you? Well, the acorn ones are made something like them. I brought mine back from my summer outing this year, and as I made it myself and originated it, I feel justified in boasting about it."
"I had to bribe all the children in the lot to get the acorns for me. It took nearly a bushel. You might think they'd be easy to find, but they weren't. You can imagine how pretty it is, with its soft tans, deep browns and golden yellows."
"I strung them on heavily waxed cord of a brown dye and now it hangs between my study and my dressing room, and has the roughest little rattle and tinkle when you go through. It's capable of more modifications, I believe, but this is my first one, and so I had something to learn."
"Big portieres from little acorns grow," said the girl, smiling. "Try to do it and see."—New York Herald.

The Frying of Meat.
One principle holds in all meat cooking, whatever the method employed. Unless the object is to extract the juices, as in soups, the aim is to soften the fibre and make it digestible with as little loss as possible of the juice. To accomplish this a high temperature at first should sear the outside, which will then serve as a case to retain the juice. In baking the oven is raised to a high temperature, kept there for five or ten minutes, and then gradually reduced to a lower heat.

If the meat is to be boiled, it is a good idea to brown the cut sides in a little fat before turning in the hot water. Since albumen, which toughens readily at a high temperature, is a constituent element of flesh, only the outside should be subjected to great heat. The slower the cooking of the meat, the more tender will be its fibre, and the more delicious its flavor. Indeed, the best authorities claim that the water in which beef is cooked should not come to a boil, and that a long application of slow heat will produce in the toughest cut a tender, juicy dish.

Heat is made, pot roast and corned beef are the common forms in which meats appear boiled.

RECIPES

Bread Pudding.—Cover stale bread with hot water and let stand ten minutes; then press out all the water; in one cupful of the softened bread add one beaten egg, half a teaspoonful of salt, one-third cupful of flour and about one cupful of milk or enough to make a smooth batter; stir in one teaspoonful of baking powder; pour milk may be used; in that case use one-quarter teaspoonful of soda instead of baking powder.

Tomato Souffle.—Stew three cups of tomatoes down to a pulp; then drain off any liquid part remaining; then put the pulp through a sieve. Separate six eggs and beat yolks and whites separately. Mix yolks with the pulp and season to taste with salt and pepper. Beat whites to a froth and stir them in; then turn into a buttered baking dish and bake ten or fifteen minutes until set, to a hot oven. Serve as soon as done.

Meat Souffle.—Put two level table-spoonfuls of butter in a frying pan; when it is hot add two table-spoonfuls of flour, stir until smooth; then add gradually one cup of cold milk; stir until boiling; add half a teaspoon of salt, a little pepper and a cup of any kind of chopped meat or chicken and the beaten yolks of two eggs; let this cook one minute; put aside till cold; then beat the whites of two eggs; fold them carefully into the meat mixture; turn into a buttered dish and bake in a moderate oven twenty minutes; serve as soon as removed; if chicken is used a little grated nutmeg is an improvement.

A Town of Hoats.
Carracosa, on the west coast of Ireland, is composed entirely of hoats. There are large stone quarries near by, but the inhabitants stoutly decline to have a proper house on the ground that an inferior fishing boat is more comfortable. It has been thus with Carracosa since the foundation of the place in 1750.

MINOR EVENTS OF THE WEEK

WASHINGTON ITEMS.
Admiral McVie, Engineer-in-Chief of the Navy, in his annual report, exhaustively discussed the use of oil instead of coal as fuel on ships.

Ruth White House and Executive Building are hatched, and President Roosevelt is said to be greatly delighted.

The King of Spain conveyed an invitation to Secretary Hay that he would like to be this country's guest in the near future.

A legation at Washington, D. C., with R. S. Lopez as Minister, will be established by Salvador.

A report made by the Commissioner of Education was made public. A huge increase in the number of pupils in all branches was shown.

The Naval Construction Board reached a decision on the features of armored cruisers, making a slight sacrifice of speed in favor of fighting power.

President Roosevelt issued an order warning all Federal officeholders that the law regarding political contributions must be strictly obeyed.

OUR ADOPTED ISLAND.
While General Miles was at Honolulu, Hawaii, a thief stole his valise containing jewelry, money and private papers. The valise was afterwards found, but the jewelry and money were missing.

The present outlook is that the coinage system of the Philippines, which consists of American gold and Mexican silver, will remain unchanged for some time to come.

Governor Taft instructed the President of the town of Cavite Province, P. I., that indolence must be suppressed there.

The Postoffice Department was notified of the arrest and confession of Juanito Ruiz, postmaster at Juana Diaz, Porto Rico, charged with embezzlement.

The United States Philippine Commission decided to enact a land registry bill drafted by Commissioner Ide.

The Philippine Commission will increase the appropriation for an exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition to \$300,000.

Governor Taft denied the charges that teachers in the Philippines have been treated unjustly.

DOMESTIC.
The Hon. Washington Gladden, of Ohio, was re-elected President of the American Missionary Association.

One man held up the North Coast Limited, on the Northern Pacific road, killed the engine driver, wrecked the express car with dynamite and escaped with valuable packages and registered mail.

In a New York Police Court Magistrate Pool decided that a man could not be punished for wearing female attire.

Dr. Edmund James James was installed as President of Northwestern University, in Evanston, Ill.

Exclusive ownership of streets, piers and unimproved waterfront of New York City was given the city in a court decision.

Strangled to death by robbers, John Johnson was found on the doorstep of his home, at Crystal Falls, Mich.

During a quarrel Dr. Ed. Poyatz and J. C. Sile shot each other fatally at Point Lick, Ky.

Because her husband threw a bucket of water on her while she was asleep at her home at Jerome, Iowa, Mrs. John Kreels procured a shotgun and killed him. Mrs. Kreels had refused to get up to get breakfast. She is under arrest.

Democrats of Detroit, Mich., renominated Mayor W. C. Mayhew for a fourth term.

Ministry H. Alfred L. Carlow hanged himself in the Tompkins light house on Staten Island, New York.

The Grand Jury indicted William Hooper Young, grandson of Brigham Young, for the murder of Mrs. Anna Pulitzer, at New York City.

The mail bag, said to hold \$50,000 in checks and money orders and stolen from a train between Cleveland and Pittsburgh, was found rifled at East Liverpool, Ohio.

Antonio Zippell, eighty-two years old, pleaded guilty to manslaughter in the first degree at New York City, and was sent to State prison for fifteen years. Good behavior will free him when he is ninety-two.

At New York City the jury in the trial of Roland B. Molinoux for murder was completed, the case opened by Assistant District Attorney Osborne and the taking of testimony begun.

Russell Sage, at New York City, took precautionary measures to safeguard his clients in case of his death.

FOREIGN.
Premier Combes secured the approval of the striking coal miners of France to the submission of their demands to arbitration.

An Irish M. P., James P. Farrell, was sentenced to imprisonment under the Criminal Act in Ireland, declining an offer of clemency if he would cease boycotting.

All Europeans are reported to have been expelled from Fez, Morocco.

Negotiations for the departure of the international troops from Pekin, China, were interrupted by Great Britain.

Great Britain's Caracole looker, confessed to forgery in London, and was sentenced to five years' penal servitude.

The battle at La Victoria, Venezuela, between the Government forces and the revolutionists was not decisive.

The czar cancelled his invitation to Serbia's King and Queen to visit him owing to scandals in the latter court.

General Zinoviev Marovics formed a new Serbian Cabinet.

Moss meetings to protest against Turkish military in Macedonia were held in Sofia and Philippopolis, Bulgaria.

FEWER PERSONS KILLED

A Year's Record of Railroad Accidents in the United States.

Remainable Pulling Off Shown, Owing to Car Complete—Improvements Praised by Interstate Commission.

Washington, D. C.—The number of passengers killed in railroad accidents in the United States during the year ended June 30 last, according to a bulletin issued by the Interstate Commission, was 302 and 6089 were injured.

The number of employees killed was 2516, of whom 1507 were trainmen, while the injured numbered 32,711, of whom 19,002 were employees.

While there has been since 1893 a great increase in the number of men employed on railroads the number of employees killed shows a diminution of sixty-eight per cent., compared with the deaths in the last year, a remarkable and gratifying result of the Safety Appliances act passed in the former year.

The diminution in the number of injured is still larger, being no fewer than eighty-one per cent. The employees killed in coupling accidents in 1893 was 423 and injured, 11,277. In 1902 the fatalities were 142, and the injuries, 2113.

In a table showing the causes of accidents, those owing to the passing of trains account for the death of 14 trainmen, and the injury of 320, of which those involving 11 of the deaths and 492.781, or two-thirds of the loss are chargeable to coupling failures, which the railroad companies have reported is due to some unknown causes.

The report for the last three months of the fiscal year shows substantial decreases over the other three quarters in passengers and employees killed and injured. During that period there were 1093 collisions and 916 derailments, of which 157 collisions and 101 derailments affected passenger trains.

The damage to cars, engines and roadbed amounted to \$1,518,831, or an average of loss of \$24 by each collision and \$93 for each derailment. In summing up the costly and fatal accidents within the three months, the report says that in some of them the explanations of causes given by the railroads are inadequate.

In two cases, both on prominent railroads, the conductor and fireman are reported as having deliberately "taken chances." Accidents in which the responsibility rests on men of very limited experience again appear among these costly cases, and there is one case in which an engine man had been on duty two days.

On the other hand, one engine man who fell asleep on his engine had been on duty only seven hours, so that on the face of the report there could be no fault found with the working hours; but it is a fair question, the report says, whether very long working hours, combined with the irregularity which often is inseparable from the freight train service, do not introduce a serious element of danger by leading to, if not encouraging, the taking of rest at times when the duty is to keep wide awake.

MOB IMPATIENT WITH JUDGE.
Couldn't Wait Thirty Days to Hang Two Negroes and Did It Right Way.

Dallas, Texas.—The mob at Hempstead lost patience with the Judge who conducted the legal formalities of the trial of Jim Wesley and Reuben Barton, the negroes who confessed to the murder of Mrs. Lewis and invaded the county jail by hundreds. The men overpowered the officers, took the two negroes out and lynched them by hanging.

The intention to burn Wesley and Barton alive was abandoned and a "simple execution" by rope and a telegraph pole followed. The two negroes had waived all legal rights in the case against them and had expressed a willingness to be hanged by the law officers at once. The trial Judge thought that the convicted men should have the benefit of the thirty days provided in the Constitution.

The Wheat Market Situation.
There has been only a fractional net change in wheat prices during the week. The interior movement has been on a liberal scale, but much of the wheat going to commercial centers is of inferior quality, and in the Northwest a strong demand from millers has diverted a large percentage of the supply from shipping channels. The mills are busy and large sales of flour have been made for export as well as for domestic consumption.

City Employee Kills Himself.
John H. Wadhams, a clerk in the office of Controller Chamberlain at Hartford, Conn., committed suicide by hanging himself in a washroom in the Capitol. Mr. Wadhams had been in ill health for some time, and it is thought he was mentally unbalanced. A note was found in the coat pocket of the dead man and it said he was an embezzler. So far as can be learned Wadhams was not in a position to become a defaulter.

Decided in Favor of Germany.
King Oscar of Sweden and Norway has decided the Samoan controversy in favor of Germany and against the United States and Great Britain.

To Retain Money For Irish Cause.
The United Irish League, in convention in Boston, Mass., has pledged itself to raise \$100,000 for the Irish cause.

Star Pardon Revolutionary Students.
The czar has pardoned all students who were guilty of participation in revolutionary street disturbances at Moscow, Russia.

Negro Tried and Hanged in Three Hours.
Jim Buchanan, the negro who confessed to the murder of Duncan Hicks, wife and daughter, a white woman, was taken to Nacogdoches, Texas, from the penitentiary at Bunk. He was accompanied by two companies of State militia and Sheriff Spradley. In less than three hours after his arrival there the negro had gone through the formality of a trial and was hanged by the Sheriff, assisted by members of the mob. The mob numbered several hundred people.

SPORTING BREVITIES

Princeton has defeated Columbia in a dual tennis tournament by 4 to 2.

Herschell's new cup candidate may greatly resemble the Constitution.

Dan Patch has paced a mile on a slow track at Havemport, Iowa, in 2:01.

Chase won the Blue Grass Stakes for horses at Lexington, Ky., in straight heats.

Vandusen, an American jockey, has captured the Austria Prize at Vienna, worth \$25,000.

In Lord Derby E. F. Smithers lost the leading money winner of the year. The first trotter has in his credit \$31,675.

In a team cycle race at Valhalla, N. J., Frank Kramer, professional champion, was beaten in each of three heats.

Billy Blinn, the Boston American League pitcher, is said to have cleared \$10,000 this year as a result of his investments in oil fields in Indiana.

E. F. Smithers' lay mare Queen Wilkes has been recognized by the Road Drivers' Association at New York City as the Speedway champion.

W. D. Miller, an American, Professor of Dentistry at the University of Germany, won the golf championship of Germany and Austria by two up on the Berlin Club's links.

Of seventy-five starters in the reliability run of the Automobile Club of America from New York City to Boston and return sixty-eight came in at the finish at New York City.

Black Sand won the Cesarewitch Handicap at Newmarket, England. King Edward saw the race, spent two hours on horseback, and afterward inspected his stable of race horses.

On the gridiron Yale defeated the Pennsylvania State College, 11 to 0; Harvard beat West Point, 14 to 6; Princeton defeated Washington and Jefferson, 23 to 5; Brown defeated Pennsylvania, 15 to 6; Columbia scored 35 to 0 against Hamilton, and Cornell lost to the Carlisle Indians by 10 to 6.

LABOR WORLD.

Carpenters at Guelph, Can., have organized.

A new union of stablemen has been formed at Eureka, Cal.

City police of Norfolk, Va., have petitioned for an increase in wages.

Farmers in the Indian Territory are badly in need of men for cotton picking.

A union of the newspaper makers has been organized at Indianapolis, Ind.

City firemen at Hartford, Conn., have petitioned Council for an increase of wages.

At San Jose, Cal., the strike of the hosiery makers and stone masons' helpers has been settled.

Every gold leaf manufacturer in the country, except one, has adopted the new union scale.

Steps have been taken to form a union by the journeyman barbers at Cambridge, Mass.

Nearly 1000 less men were employed at the London docks and wharves during the past month.

Five hundred and seventy six firemen cost London \$400,000 a year. Paris has 1742 firemen, but spends a total of \$500,000 on them.

A Cooks', Waiters' and Waitresses' Alliance has been formed at Everett, Wash., the first union in that city to include women in its membership.

A new union of the cabinetmakers as well as a union organization of the reed and rattan workers, have both been recently formed at Indianapolis, Ind.

In keeping with the spirit of the age, the farmers of the north end of Utah County have effected an organization known as the Farmers' Union, at Lehi, Utah.

Hawaii is in a state of great commercial and industrial depression, caused by a generally claimed, by the low price of sugar and severely and high price of labor.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

A. W. Ranger, the chief solicitor for the Salvation Army in England, is blind.

The czar and his family will visit Italy in December, escorted by a Russian squadron.

Cam Paul Kruger has, with the Dorr delegates, leased three villas at Montreux, France, for the winter.

Lord Charles Bessford, who has just ended a visit to America, has been made a British Vice-Admiral.

The Prince of Wales has for his study the smallest least pretentious room at Sandringham. It is lit by one window.

General De Wet is reported to have said: "It is hard indeed to be a personage who was far happier when he was only a peasant."

Dr. Eastman, a full-blinded Sioux Indian, has written a book entitled "Indian Boyhood." He is a former mount physician in North Dakota.

General Corbin says that the British enlisted men "cannot begin to compare" in brains, education and intelligence with the American private soldiers.

Albert Santor-Dumont wants \$1,000,000 with which to continue dynamite experiments. Peril comes with more chances than one with such intentions.

Rear Admiral Seely has been presented a handsome living cup at Dallas, Texas, the gift of the city. General M. M. Crane made the presentation address.

Prince Henry on his recent automobile trip from Kiel to Darmstadt helped off the boiler of his machine, talked in peasant dialect and shook hands with workmen.

Hamlin Garland, the author, owns an Indian tapestry fifteen feet in diameter, made for him by Cheyenne women. Tape-making seems to take the place with Indians that the embroidery of alippers for the pastor does among their white sisters.

Norwegian Crops Poor.
Norwegian crops this year have been very poor, and a large amount of grain must be imported. It is estimated that the grain yield for the kingdom will be one-third less than the average.

STATE NEWS.

Held For a Farmer's Death.
George Van Voorhis, a farmer of Dutchess County, was arrested on a charge of manslaughter, second degree. It is alleged that he caused the death of his father-in-law, Walter M. Johnston, by kicking him in the groin. He refused to make any statement. Walter M. Johnston was a well-to-do farmer of Dutchess, and a brother of Ely M. and Theodore V. Johnston, of Poughkeepsie, who made a fortune conducting restaurants in New York Central Railroad stations. He made his home with Van Voorhis. Dr. Card attended him, and gave a certificate that death was caused by heart disease. "Mr. Johnston died from valvular heart trouble, aggravated by an injury to his groin, which the family told me was caused by the kick of a horse," said Dr. Card. District Attorney Lee took action upon reports of neighbors that Johnston was not injured by a horse, but during a quarrel with his son-in-law.

Owner of Cardiff Giant Dead.
George Hull, who built the Cardiff Giant, died at the home of his sister, in Birmingham. Twelve a wealthy man, he died without a dollar. Hull was a cigar-maker by trade, with an inventive mind. His great fame came to him through his clever deception of the public by the stone figure known as the Cardiff Giant. He secured the stone at Fort Dodge, Iowa, in a gymnasium and shipped it to Chicago. There the giant was made by G. Taberlet Salu, an Italian sculptor. It was twelve feet long and four feet broad, and weighed two tons. It was shipped to Union, nine miles from Birmingham, and taken to Cardiff, where it was buried. A year from that time it was dug up, apparently by accident. It deceived historians and famous anatomists. Harman, the showman, once offered \$50,000 for an eighth interest in the stone.

Hank Treasures' Hoards.
Henry E. Nichols, treasurer of the Fulton Savings Bank, in Old Forge, has committed suicide in the Adirondacks. Mr. Nichols, who was a leading citizen of Fulton, went with his wife and three children to Old Forge in June for the benefit of his health. He had been suffering from nervous prostration and had been ill more than a year. When in a melancholy mood he shot himself through the head with a revolver. This was at 1 o'clock and he died at 3:45 o'clock, without having regained consciousness. Mr. Nichols, besides being treasurer of the bank, was a member of the firm of Gilbert & Nichols, shoe makers at Fulton, and was also interested in the Great Bear Spring Company. Besides a widow, he leaves three children, Mary, Harry and William. He was a prominent member of the Presbyterian Church.

Wife Did the Figuring.
When William Pritchard offered to remove the ashes and dirt from the streets of Ithaca for five years for \$37,684.90, he presumed there was money in the work at that figure. After the Common Council had awarded the contract to him and had accepted his bond, Mr. Pritchard discovered that in computing the figures his wife had made a mistake of \$22,400. Pritchard is striving to obtain a release from the contract.

Motormen's Wages Voluntarily Increased.
The Pontiac, Johnston and Gloversville Railroad Company has increased the wages of the motormen on their electric divisions from sixteen and a half cents to eighteen cents an hour. Motormen who have been in the employ of the company for less than a year receive an increase of from fifteen to sixteen and a half cents an hour. The increase in wages was not asked for.

Typhoid From Ice.
An epidemic of typhoid fever prevalent among patients and attendants at the St. Lawrence State Hospital. There are more than thirty cases. No cases of typhoid are reported to Ogdensburg. It is believed the epidemic was caused by ice cut from the river back of the hospital grounds. Several deaths have occurred.

Boys Miles of Standing White Pine.
One of the biggest timber deals ever made in the Spanish River district of Canada has just been closed by the J. & T. Charlton Lumber Company of North Tonawanda. The company has bought 170 square miles of standing white pine in the district and will establish big saw mills and employ hundreds of men to cut the timber at once.

Snow and Ice in the State.
A cold wave sent the mercury down to 20 degrees above zero at Saratoga. Snow fell in the lower Adirondacks. Reports from Hoosick Falls state that ice formed on the smaller streams in the vicinity, and the frost was very heavy. It tipped the celery crop and damaged the apple and pear crops maturing on the trees.

\$13,000 Fire in Dublin.
Fire has destroyed the freight shed of the Union Steamboat Company on the Marine Slip, near the foot of Michigan street, Dublin. The freight shed was about 400 feet long and extended from Buffalo Creek to the end of the Marine Slip. The total loss is estimated at \$75,000.

All Around the State.
Ramondport territory is to be tested for gas.

A black bear was killed near Red House, Cattaraugus County.

Peat beds located near Batavia are to be worked. The product will be marketed.

Corfu is to receive an ample supply of natural gas from the Alcon wells.

James O. Spencer has resigned the position of police justice of Salamanca. Wet weather and lack of assistance have damaged the Chautauque County grape crop.

Wellsville residents are permitted to ride on the sidewalks of that village by taking out licenses.

Mrs. Hattie Mauch, of Olean, committed suicide by hanging herself. Mrs. Mauch's mind had been unsettled for some time past. Her husband is a railway conductor.

THE MARKETS

Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.		
The Milk Exchange prices for standard quality in 2c. per quart.		
BUTTER.		
Creamery—Western, extra 1	21	24
Firsts, common 2	21	24
Seconds 3	21	24
State dairy tubs, extra 4	21	24
Imitation creamery 5	21	24
Factory, fancy 6	21	24
EGGS.		
State—Full cream, fancy 11	12	12
Small 12	12	12
Part skims, good to prime 13	13	13
Part skims, common 14	14	14
EGGS.		
Jersey—Fancy 25	27	27
State and Penn. 26	27	27
Western 24	25	25
DEAR AND BEAR.		
Deer—Marion choice 1902 2	05	3 00
Medium choice 1902 3	40	2 45
Pen, choice, 1902 4	40	2 45
Red kidney, choice, 1902 5	40	2 45
White kidney choice 1901 6	40	2 45
Yellow eye, choice, 1902 7	40	2 45
Lima, Cal., 1901 8	40	2 45
Green peas, base 9	40	2 45
POULTRY AND POULTRY.		
Apples—King, per bbl 1	50	3 00
Baldwin, per bbl 2	50	3 00
Pear, choice, 1902 3	50	3 00
W. N. X., per basket 4	50	3 00
Pine Island, per basket 5	50	3 00
Pears, Bartlett, per bbl 6	50	3 00
Seckel, per bbl 7	50	3 00
Sheldon, per bbl 8	50	3 00
Cranberries, C. Cod, per bbl 9	50	3 00
Grapes, Delaware, per bas 10	50	3 00
Niagara, per basket 11	50	3 00
Catawba, per basket 12	50	3 00
Quinces, per bbl 13	50	3 00
LIVE POULTRY.		
Spring chickens, per lb 1	11	14
Fowl, per lb 2	11	14
Spring chickens, per lb 3	11	14
Roosters, per lb 4	11	14
Turkeys, per lb 5	11	14
Ducks, per pair 6	50	75
Geese, per pair 7	1 00	1 17
Pigeons, per pair 8	25	25
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Turkey, per lb 1	7	14
Fowl, Western, per lb 2	10	12
Spring chickens, per lb 3	10	12
Squabs, per lb 4	10	12
Geese, Eastern, per lb 5	13	16
Squabs, per dozen 6	1 75	2 20
EGGS.		
State, 1902, choice, per lb 1	25	25
1901, choice, per lb 2	25	25
Common to prime 3	25	25
Pacific coast, 1902, choice 4	25	25
1901, choice 5	25	25
Common to prime 6	25	25
Old odds 7	25	25
HAY AND STRAW.		
Hay—Prime, per 100 lb 1	07	1 00
No. 1, per 100 lb 2	50	85
No. 2, per 100 lb 3	50	85
Clower mixed, per 100 lb 4	70	75
Straw, long eye 5	75	75
VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes, Jersey, per bbl 1	65	1 75
Long Island, per bbl 2	75	1 87
Sweet, per bbl 3	1 25	2 50
Turnips, per bbl 4	60	80
Egg plant, per bbl 5	75	1 25
Tomatoes, per box 6	50	1 00
Squabs, per bbl 7	75	1 00
Peas, per basket 8	1 00	2 00
Onions, Orange Co, per bag 9	75	2 50
Onions, yellow, per bag 10	75	2 50
Onions, red, per bbl 11	1 25	1 75
Cornucopiers, per bbl 12	2 00	8 00
Cucumber, per bbl 13	2 00	4 00
Corn, per 100 14	25	1 00
Peppers, per bbl 15	75	1 25
Celery, per doz bunches 16	5	40
Lima beans, per bag 17	75	1 00
Lettuce, per dozen 18	25	2 00
Cauliflower, per bbl 19	25	2 00
String beans, per basket 20	75	1 50
Beets, per 100 bunches 21	75	1 00
Brussels sprouts, per qt 22	4	12
Cabbages, per 100 23	50	2 00
Pumpkins, per bbl 24	50	1 75
Spinach, per bbl 25	50	1 50
SCANDALS.		
Beeswax, prime, per lb 1	24	25
Maple sugar, per lb 2	8	8
Maple syrup, per gal 3	75	80
Honey N. Y. State, per lb 4	12	16
Extracted, per lb 5	7	7
GRAINS, ETC.		
Flour—Winter patents 1	35	4 35
Spring patents 2	40	4 40
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth 3	70	87
No. 2 red 4	70	87
Orzo, No. 2 white 5	—	70
Orzo, No. 2 6	—	70
No. 2 white 7	—	70
Rec—Western 8	—	70
State 9	—	70
Lard, city 10	10 65	10 00
LIVE STOCK.		
Bees, city dressed 1	8	12
Calves, city dressed 2	8	13
Country dressed 3	8	13
Sheep, per 100 lb 4	2 75	4 00
Lambs, per 100 lb 5	5 00	5 50
Hogs, live, per 100 lb 6	8 40	7 40
Country dressed, per lb 7	8	10

BIG APPLE CROP.

It is estimated at 43,000,000 barrels, compared with 37,000,000 in 1901.

Houston—The apple crop throughout the country this year, according to the estimate of The New England Homestead, will be 43,000,000 barrels, against 37,000,000 barrels in 1901.

In the older established orchard sections in the Middle and Eastern States the increase over last year's failure is very pronounced. In the Central West there are also sharp gains, while in the Southwest, a territory last year favored by exceptionally good yields, the crop this season is unusually deficient.

The quality is far from satisfactory in the Central and Western States, but in New England it is very much better than last year. New York, the most important apple State, has a big crop, yet less than the bumper crop of 1896.

Wheat Prices Advanced.
Wheat prices have advanced two and a half to three cents per bushel. The rise has been due chiefly to an active demand from interior mills. There has been a fairly liberal movement of wheat, but in addition to fair exports there have been large takings by Northwestern mills, and the receipts have not been heavy enough to satisfy current demand and permit any considerable growth of stocks at commercial centres.

Woolen Mills Busy.
New business in woolen and worsted goods is quiet, but mills are busy, and production is well under the control of orders for weeks to come. Prices are firm, and in occasional instances have been slightly advanced.

Shoe Trade Active.
The boot and shoe trade is active. Distribution by wholesalers is large, and there is an urgent call from them for specially delivered from factories. The latter are fully employed, and are steadily looking additional orders.

THE HERMON NEWS.

A. B. JARVIS. Publisher.
 Terms, \$1.00 a Year in Advance.
 HERMON, N. Y.
 THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1902.

DEKALB JUNCTION.

Oct. 27—Mrs. Nathan Frank left today for Hermon where she will visit friends.

Miss Bertha Sawyer who has been visiting friends and relatives in Syracuse for some time returned home Saturday.

The social which the ladies of the Presbyterian church held last Friday evening was well patronized the proceeds being \$15.15.

Mrs. R. Huntress is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Fred Tupper at Canton.

Mrs. Clara Tillapaugh and Mrs. Dutton of Hermon, were in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Smith visited friends and relatives in Fine last week.

Dekalb Junction band will hold a social in Forrester's Hall Tuesday November 4th.

Hon. James T. Rodgers will give a lecture in Wainwright's Hall Thursday evening October 30th on Odell and Higgins and Low Taxes.

Mr. Thomas Behen of Tonawanda, was in town Sunday.

Miss Emma Tyner and Mrs. Ina Lobdell were in Canton Saturday.

Miss Minnie VanBuren of Russell, is in town visiting friends.

The Epworth League will hold a Halloween social Friday evening, October 31, 1902.

The W. R. C. will meet in their hall Wednesday November 5th, at 10 a. m. for the purpose of tying quilts for the Oxford Home. All members are requested to be present.

There was a lady in this place, seen going through the village in great haste. All who saw her did wonder but when they knew, she had made a big blunder. She went to the weavers with a package of warp, but instead she had taken from the store a package of bread. She rushed back to the store without delay to find the owner of the bread the same day. I think in the future she will be more careful to be sure she has her own parcel.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cahoon are making a two week's visit to their son's family at Rochester, N. Y.

First snow storm of the season. Our merchants are displaying the various Lithographs of their political parties in the windows of their stores.

Married by the Rev. George F. Walker on Wednesday October 22, 1902 at Dekalb Junction, N. Y. Mr. Samuel Eldridge of Oswegatchie, N. Y. and Miss Elia Ayers of Potsdam, N. Y.

Westcott and Barber have placed a banner 75 feet long and 10 feet wide on the side of their store advertising the American Seal paints. The sign is a fancy piece of work and much credit to the designer of the same. Westcott and Barber are up to date.

The political meetings held here the last ten days have been well patronized and much interest shown.

EDWARDS.

Oct. 27—The Indian summer has arrived.

Harvey Thompson has the most knowing horse in our town. It even knows where the post office is. Saturday eve last it followed a couple of ladies up on the steps and but for the efforts of some men who arrived it would have gained an entrance if not through the door through the window. After it had been driven off the steps it turned and was coming back.

The Crandal Comedians are billed here for this week. They give Vaudeville and Theatrical plays. Price only 10 cents.

Jas. Brient has moved his family on Factory St.

Frank Payne has rented his farm and is moving in the Wm. Little house on 1st St.

Warren Noble has rented the farm of Myron Clark.

Sherman Noble is the new clerk at C. D. Carr's.

Mrs. Anna Rusin of Gouverneur, is seeing at Dr. Taylor's.

A Republican Rally was held in the Town Hall Monday evening.

George Black has purchased the farm owned by Harvey Cleland and takes possession November 5th. Mr. Cleland has taken Mr. Black's house in the village in payment.

COLTON.

Oct. 28—On Friday evening last Stanislaus, the young hypnotist from Canton, held the local opera boards before a delighted audience. He gave a highly refined and strictly first class exhibition of the mesmerist's skill, leaving out those acts which tend to bring censure upon the profession and introducing new and startling evidences of his occult power. He went in from the start to captivate and please his audience and entire success was his. He was simply great, his feats marvelous, and if any came as unbelievers in the undeveloped and misunderstood science, they were converts ere he closed the entertainment.

Optician E. L. Wheeler will be at the Hermon House Thursday November 13th.

SOUTH EDWARDS.

Oct. 29—Miss Goodberry returned Monday evening from a short sojourn among old friends at Carthage. She reports a very pleasant time.

A farewell dance is to be held at Mr. Sprague's this evening. A number of our young people are anticipating a pleasant time.

Mr. Frank Whitford has sold one of his houses to Willis Wright. Mr. Wright took possession Saturday.

The Pedro Club will meet with Mrs. Silas Wood this week.

Mr. Frank Whitford made a short visit to Gouverneur one day last week.

Mr. Leon Perry was gladly welcomed by his many friends, when he appeared in our midst for a short visit last Sunday.

Mr. Royce was in Canton on business yesterday.

Mr. B. L. Webb spent several days last week at Star Lake and Newton Falls on business.

Optician E. L. Wheeler will be at the Hermon House Thursday November 13th.

EAST ROAD.

Oct. 28—Joseph Clark is digging a well near his house.

Mr. Judd Hooper of Canton, spent Sunday at Mr. H. Reed's.

Morton Perry was in the place calling on friends Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hilton Mills visited her parents near Gouverneur last week.

Mr. Harrison Clark and family spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Clark.

Mr. W. Reynolds and family, who have lived on George Brown's farm for the past year, expect to move to Palmerville this week.

The ladies of the W. R. C. met with Mrs. Sarah Thurston Thursday and tied a comforter, which will be given to some deserving person.

Hubbard Law received a telegram Saturday, announcing the death of Mr. John Barlow of Cleveland, Ohio. Mr. Barlow spent the summer with his sister, Mrs. Albert Law, at their cottage in the woods for the benefit of his health which seemed to be much improved when he left for home about five weeks ago. The cause of his death was heart disease. Mr. Barlow had been a telegraph operator in Cleveland for thirty years.

Out of Death's Jaws.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered with for years," writes P. Muse, Durham, N. C. "Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health." Best pills on earth and only 25c. at Jas. E. Robinson's drug store.

Foster L. Backus Falls in Court.

Last Thursday morning as Foster L. Backus was defending roundsman J. M. Jackson, accused of assault, he suddenly became very pale. He reeled and fell into the arms of his client. Mrs. Backus was present and rushed to her husband's assistance and he was removed for medical treatment. Mr. Backus had been under a severe strain. It was known that he was suffering from a weak heart and his physician had advised him to secure an adjournment of the case, but as this was impossible he continued in the court disregarding his doctor's advice to let the case go. After treatment he recovered somewhat and it is expected that with care he will acquire his usual health.

America's Famous Beauties.

Look with horror on Skin Eruptions, Blisters, Sores, Pimples. They don't have them, nor will any one, who uses Bucklin's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Eczema or Salt Rheum vanish before it. It cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains, infallible for Piles. 25c. at Robinson's drug store.

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 When Knighthood was in Flower
 Hearts Courageous
 A Speckled Bird
 Audrey
 Kate Borneet
 Warwick of the Knobs
 Sir Richard Calmady
 Stringtown on the Pike
 Ralph Marlowe
 The Hound of the Berkervilles
 The Cromptons
 Via Civis
 The Maid of Maiden Lane

Owen Webster.
 Owen Webster.
 Jack London.
 L. R. Meekins.
 P. V. Mighals.
 Max Pemberton.
 Jack London.
 Louis Albert Banks.
 Francis Jordan Fane.
 Mary Johnston.
 Archie B. Hulbert.
 Chas. Major.
 Hilt E. Rice.
 Augusta Evans Wilson.
 Mary Johnston.
 Frank R. Stockton.
 John Wm. Lloyd.
 Lucas Malet.
 John Wm. Lloyd.
 Jas. B. Taylor.
 A. Cannon Doyle.
 Mary J. Holmes.
 T. M. Croford.
 Amelia E. Barr.

and many other books.

Jas. E. Robinson,

CORNER DRUG STORE,
 HERMON.

ST. LAW. CO. BOARD OF TRADE.

The feature of the Chicago market during the past week is the distinction made between September and October make. Here today the bidding started on selections at 11 cents then 11 1/2 and 11 3/4 cents, all being sold at that price. The butter quotations is 1 cent higher than one week ago. The receipts at central markets were moderate. Fresh Creamery extras were firm at 23 cents. Storage creamery is selling for 24c. Aside from this grade prices are having a wide range. Here today the bidding for selections were 23 23 1/2, 23 1/2 and 23 1/2 cents, and the bulk of the butter went at the latter price. A few of the creameries have been holding and have from two to six weeks but on hand. One lot of sweet sold for 24c. Two lots of small packing cream sold for 23c. One week ago butter sold for 24c. One year ago it sold for 24c. At Elgin, Ill., it was firm at 24c. At Jamestown on Thursday it sold for 23c. at Utica for from 23 to 24 cents; at Little Falls for 23 to 24 cents.

A. T. MARTYN, Secretary.
 Canton, October 25, 1902.

L. R. Smith,

OF POTSDAM.

Instructor in Piano,
 Also Vocal
 Culture.

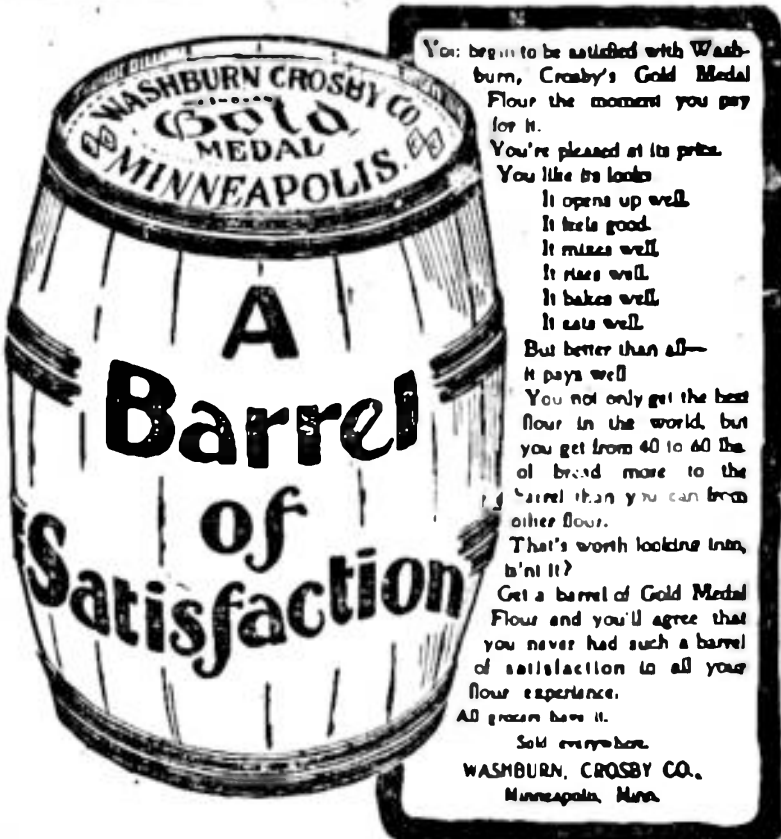
AT
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 on Saturday of Each
 Week.

TERMS 50 CTS PER LESSON

E. D. Walson

Drying and
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All Orders left at Popple's
 Hardware Store will Re-
 ceive Prompt Attention



SOLD BY
 JAMES BROWN,
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LOWNEYS
 Chocolate Bonbons.
 FOR SALE BY
 M. G. HALE,

The Beswick Store

One of Northern New York's Greatest
 Dry Goods Stores.

FURS! FURS!

We have them in all styles and all prices. Early
 Furs are the best. The left overs are not cheap at
 any price.

Jackets, Cloaks and Capes

We will show one of the best and up to date lines
 to be found. One special lot 30 inch. Plush Cape
 at 85c. Ladies' Astrachan Cloth and Saskatchewan
 Coats.

BLANKETS

We have a big lot of them cheap—Wool and
 Cotton.

UNDERWEAR

Men's, Ladies', Misses', Children's Infant's Under-
 wear of all kinds. Oneta Union Suits. As to prices
 see what we can do

THE WAIST STORE

Black Lean de Soie Silk Waists. One special
 lot Taffeta Waists—all colors, size 32 only, at 82 1/2
 worth 84c. Corduroy, Albatross, Velvet, Granites.
 Brilliant Waists. One lot Black Satene Waists
 at \$1.00—big value.

New Waist Cloths

Belts, Ties, Chiffon Boas Chatelain Bags, Wrist
 Bags, Ribbons, Knit Shawls, Tam O'Shantans, Um-
 brellas, Dress Suit Cases.

W. E. BESWICK, HERMON.

Rubber Boots!

FOR
 Men, Women & Children

at reduced prices to close out. Don't fail
 to call if you need a pair of Rubber Boots
 you will find a good assortment at low
 prices

Shoes Rubbers,
 Underwear and Mittens,
 Groceries.

Qualities and prices guaranteed to suit
 you. Don't forget the place for low
 prices is at

C. H. Richardson,
 CORNER CASH STORE.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1902.

Election next Tuesday.
Halloween tomorrow night.
Ed Watson is the new truckman.
Don Conant was in town over Sunday.

Mr. L. B. Hatch of Russell, was in town last Friday.

Mr. George Oliver of Potsdam, was in Hermon Tuesday.

Amos Binsford of DeGrasse, was a Hermon visitor Monday.

Mrs. Jack Reynolds is seriously ill at her home on Main St.

The first rehearsal of "My Lady Darrell" came off last night.

Mrs. Mary Stiles is the guest of her sister at Russell this week.

Harry Reynolds has re-entered the employ of Mr. E. B. Peppers.

Abel Andrews and wife of Edwards, spent Saturday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Clarke of Dekalb Junction, were in town Sunday.

Mrs. Jennie Gandy spent Friday and Saturday with Gouverneur friends.

Mrs. Inez Northrup of the S. L. U. spent Sunday with her parents in Hermon.

Mrs. Art Booth is quite seriously ill with typhoid fever at her home on Water St.

S. H. Ladd is moving into the house which he recently purchased on German St.

Jesse Fordham, of the Celery King Medicine Co., was in town calling on old friends last week.

Miss Laura Jarvis, of the News force, is spending the week with her grandparents in Potsdam.

Miss Allie Kaiser of Malone, is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kaiser of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Overacker of Gouverneur, were guests of Frank Kiunie and family over Sunday.

Miss Payne was at the Hermon House yesterday and today with a fine line of fall and winter millinery.

Mr. and Mrs. Manley Risley of Ontario, Wayne Co., attended the funeral of their uncle, C. H. Risley.

L. R. Smith, instructor in piano and vocal culture, of Potsdam, was in town Friday and Saturday of last week.

Frank Allay and little son Spencer, of Santa Claire, were the guests of his aunt, Mrs. John Woodrow, last week.

Mr. Harry Woodman and family passed through Hermon Monday enroute from Trout Lake to their home in Potsdam.

Frank L. Denison is moving his household goods to the C. P. Wood farm in Chautauque where he intends to live for the coming year.

The Monthly Business and Covenant meeting of the Baptist church will be held on Saturday November 1st, at 2 o'clock.

The Hustling Hardware and Department Store has just opened up the largest and finest line of Chamber Sets ever shown in Hermon.

Charles Loucks, who has charge of one of the Knox syndicate five and ten cent stores in the west, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Loucks.

The first and only republican rally of this campaign will be held in Mix's Hall, Saturday evening, Nov. 1st. Hon. James T. Rodgers and E. A. Merritt Jr., will address the meeting. All are invited to come.

The ladies of the W. R. C. served dinner in their hall last Saturday to members of the post and Relief Corps. Mrs. Julia K. Bailey, of Norwood, was present, and held the annual inspection of the corps in the afternoon.

At the quarterly election of Hermon Lodge I. O. G. T. No. 941, the following officers were elected: C. T. Mrs. D. I. Chaney; V. T., Mrs. Mabel Hubbard; P. C. T., B. C. Risley; Sec., Rosina Earle; P. S., Ward Burrows; T., Dou I. Chaney; M., Worth Fairbanks.

Another lawyer in Hermon. The News has to congratulate Forest Chilton, one of Hermon's pushing young men for having successfully passed his law examination. He will be sworn in at Albany, 11th. of next month. After which he will begin his business as attorney and counselor at law.

Optician E. L. Wheeler will be at the Hermon House Thursday November 13th.

For Sale Cheap horse, harness and buggy. For sale by A. Stokes, Hermon, N. Y. 47tf.

CHARLES H. RISLEY.

Died in Hermon village, Oct. 27, at 4 p. m. Charles H. Risley, aged 60 years.

The deceased was one among the best respected citizens of this town. He had spent a life in the most vigilant undertaking to improve the industrial advantages of the farming community who will deeply feel his loss.

Mr. Risley early in life commenced the manufacture of butter and cheese in the most practical and modern form, receiving his first education at Little Falls, Herkimer county where he spent the two years, '82-3. In the year 1863, at Fairfield, he married Miss Mary Varson who alone survives him, they having buried their only son, George, in this village fourteen years ago. He spent the year 1867 at Farmerville, Ontario where he conducted his first cheese factory and which was a grand success. In the fall, on returning to this village, he was prevailed upon to erect a cheese factory here which he at once commenced and completed in the spring of 1868 and known as the Hermon Village Factory. He conducted it until the year 1893, when he disposed of the same to L. J. Knox who succeeded him.

During all these many years the factory was most successfully conducted by him and gained an enviable reputation as one of the most prominent cheese factories of Northern New York.

In life, he was a plain, honorable farmer's son, one who loved the business he had undertaken, and so warmly allied himself to all his patrons as to have no competition within a radius of many miles. In 1893 his health was so impaired by overwork that he was compelled to retire—nevertheless he remained a firm friend to the old factory and took a part in its welfare at all times until his decease. As a citizen, he was one among many, beloved by every one and without an enemy in the community. At the formation of the First National Bank of Hermon, he also was one of its promoters, being a stockholder and a director from its organization. In life he gained the respect, esteem and friendship of a large business community who mourn the loss of this, their best citizen. The widow, Mrs. Risley alone of his family survives him, and who has the sympathy of our entire village and community in this her saddest grief.

The funeral services will be held this Thursday, at one o'clock p. m., from his late residence on Washington street.

First snow of the season yesterday.

W. C. Reed passed through town Monday.

Knox Smith of Russell, was in town Saturday.

Ray Cotton of Simpson, was in town yesterday.

Ed Phillips and Forest Campbell went to Russell Saturday.

Nine couples attended the dance in Foresters' Hall last Friday evening.

Mrs. Helen Klonle has returned from a visit with friends and relatives in Gouverneur.

Howard VanAtter, mother and family are moving into the house recently vacated by Mr. J. B. Gates.

The Abbott lumber company, doing business at Cranberry lake has sold its store and dwelling house to Mrs. Julia S. Stalbird of Hermon, and gives possession in June. Mrs. Stalbird will conduct a general merchandise store for summer trade and residents of that region.

Thermometer Registrations.

The average temperature for the week ending Oct. 26th, as recorded at the Clarkson Tech., Potsdam, was 44.29. The highest point registered was 65 at 12 m. on Sunday, October 19, and the lowest, 25 degrees, 12 m. on Thursday, Oct. 16.

G. A. Littell.

"Crandall's Comedians."

This company plays a week's engagement at Foresters' Hall commencing Monday November 3rd. Crandall's Comedians come highly recommended as a company of artists from towns where they have recently played. Admission ten and twenty cents.

Optician E. L. Wheeler will be at the Hermon House Thursday November 13th.

For Sale Cheap horse, harness and buggy. For sale by A. Stokes, Hermon, N. Y. 47tf.

Shoes! Don't forget that we sell shoes and also that our prices are very low for cash. C. H. Richardson. Ready Bits! Have you tried the new Breakfast Food? Simple, l. e. Corner Store.

Cheese! Old and strong or Young and mild just as you want it. Corner Store.

Butter! The kind you never find fault with but ask for more. Corner Store.

Coffee! Gillies Coffee have made many customers. Prices are just. to 15c. Corner Store.

Ready Bits! If you enjoy something crisp and delicious for breakfast, we recommend Ready Bits. Corner Store.

A full line of first class jewelry at very low prices at the Hustling Hardware and Department Store.

Andes Stoves and Ranges and Oak Stoves at Geo. A. Sheldon's, Dekalb Junction.

Sewing Machine for Sale. A Household Sewing Machine with all the new improvements and Attachments. In first class condition. 44tf. Mrs. E. B. Hatch.

CEMENT AND PLASTER.

Buy your Atlas Portland and Alpha Portland Cement and Paragon Wall plaster of A. J. Tyner, Dekalb Junction, N. Y.

D. I. Chaney,
Jeweler
AND
Watchmaker.

PHOTOGRAPH
GALLERY OVER ROBINSON'S
DRUG STORE.

HERMON, N. Y.

Furniture to exchange for potatoes and oats. E. E. Stalbird, 43tf.

House Painting done by the day or job. Allen Clarke, Hermon, N. Y.

Call and look at the largest line of Stoves in Northern New York. Geo. A. Sheldon, Dekalb Junction.

Receiver's Sale.

The James Kelly Wagon Co. have a stock of Buggies on hand which I will sell at cost for the next 15 days. Hermon N. Y., October 9, 1902. H. L. Wallace, Receiver. 44tf

**ITS EARLY
BUT WE'RE EARLY**

WITH FALL
AND
WINTER GOODS

Come and have a look at the Felts and Rubbers. Socks, Rubbers alone. Overshoes—warm shoes. Felts and Rubbers for the baby. Shirts and Drawers for men, women, boys and children. Duck Coats, Mackinaws, Leggings, Mittens, Gloves, Lung Protectors, Blankets, Comfortables, Hoods, Toques, Warm Stockings, Home Knit Stockings and Mittens. Get a first look—don't expect you're ready to buy—but want to show them. Prices on Rubber Goods are lowest.

ASK TO SEE
THE UNDERWEAR
BARGAINS

The Ryel Store.

**STOVE
BUYERS**

WILL FIND
SOMETHING TO INTEREST
THEM HERE

NO doubt you know our prices are away below all others. We want your trade, and if we can get your trade by saving you money we are absolutely willing to do it and there is no reason why you won't look after your own benefit in buying goods. Money saved is money made and there is no way of making it than in buying goods from our establishment. The prices are the very lowest and there is no use in paying high prices when you can buy for less money here. Our line of

**ANDES STOVES
AND
RANGES**

is complete. We have also other makes of high grade stoves. Furnace work and Plumbing done in first class order, a specialty. We invite inquiries when in want of work in either branch.

We also carry a large line of Hardware, Tinware, Steam Fitters' Supplies, Crockery, Sheet Iron, Copper Ware, Paints and Oils, Roofing Paper, Etc.

GEORGE A. SHELDON

DEKALB JUNCTION, N. Y.

Do not forget if you are in need of anything in the

FURNITURE

line, call at Fullers.

Large Armed Rocking Chair, upholstered seat, \$2.00
A Solid Oak Upholster Seat Rucker, \$2.75
Oak Morris Chair, \$5.50
Solid Oak Center Stand, 24x34, \$1.40
W. W. Mattress, worth \$2.75, at \$2.25
Our Bedroom Suit (our own make) is admitted by all to be the best bargain in town at \$16.00
These are but a few of our bargains. Call and we will show you the rest and you will be convinced that this is the place to buy.

We sell Furniture on the Installment Plan.

FULLERS,
MAIN STREET,
HERMON, NEW YORK.
Near The Bridge.

The Hustling Hardware

HERMON, N. Y.

**GOODS AT
COST!**

NOW DON'T for a moment think that I am selling goods at what they cost me, for I am not—I have a large family to support. But I will tell you what I am doing. I am selling lots of goods, and what care you how much profit I make so long as I sell goods less than you can buy them for elsewhere. Quick sales and small profits is my motto, and the following prices will confirm my assertion.

Beautiful Vase Lamps from 50c to \$5.00.
Sets of Dishes from \$7.32 to \$16.50.
and the largest and most beautiful line of odd pieces ever shown in a town of this size. My stock is so large and so many different goods that you might call it a department store.

If it is crockery or hardware, I have it—and thousands of other things. When you want goods, don't fail to go to the Hustling Hardware and Department Store.

W. G. POPPLE.

HERMON, N. Y.

The Hustling Hardware

New Wall Papers!
JUST ARRIVED

A New and Complete Line.

**ALL PRICES
AL KINDS**

Call and Look them Over.

Try Our Nickle Package Dyes.

PRATTS FOOD
For Horses, Cows, Hogs and Sheep.
Edson A. Conant,
HERMON, N. Y.

WU TO RETURN TO CHINA

Chinese Minister to Take Up His New Duties as Soon as Possible.

HE REGRETS TO LEAVE AMERICA

The Popular Chinese Minister is Regretful to be a Special Agent to the Minister of Commerce and a Treaty Maker—Quares Provision of the Chinese Law—Arrival of Successor Uncertain.

Washington, D. C.—Mr. Wu Ting-fang, who has been the Minister of China to the United States since May 1, 1907, has been recalled to China by an edict of the Emperor, dated in Mr. Wu by the Chinese Foreign Office. The edict is peremptory. Mr. Wu being directed to return to China as early as a date as possible, even the route by which he is to make his voyage from this country being indicated.

The edict informs Mr. Wu that he has been appointed Minister of Commerce in association with Viceroy Chang Chi-tung. He takes the position just vacated by Sheng, whose father died the other day. Under a peculiar provision of Chinese law, when an official loses by death his father or mother he vacates his office, and he is not eligible to hold office again for three years, although his custom the period of his official mourning is reduced to twenty-seven months. Mr. Wu said that he might be able to leave this country in about three weeks, but the precise date of his departure has not been determined.

Mr. Wu also received a cablegram announcing that he had been appointed one of the two members of a commission to negotiate commercial treaties with foreign powers. He will be at the head of this commission and will have associated with him Mr. Lu, who until about a year ago was the Chinese Minister in Germany. As Mr. Wu has been ordered to proceed direct to Shanghai, it is probable that the headquarters of the commission will remain in that city.

Mr. Wu will be accompanied to China by his wife and some members of his personal suite, but he said that whether he would leave his young son in this country had not been determined. He desires that his son should have a good American education, and may conclude to leave him in the United States, at least for a time.

Mr. Wu expressed great regret at his sudden recall from this country, although he is not unappreciative of the honor done him by his Government. He said that the American people had been most kind to him, and he would carry away with him the most pleasant memories of his sojourn in the United States. He always had endeavored, he said, to promote relations between this country and China, and that effort would be continued when he returned to live among his own people.

In official and diplomatic circles the news of the early departure of the Minister was received with sincere regret. For years he has been one of the most popular members of the Diplomatic Corps.

Mr. Wu expects to leave the legation in charge of the First Secretary, Sun Tung. No address has been received as to the time of the arrival of the new Minister.

RENOUNCES ALLEGIANCE TO ROME

"Bishop" Aglipay Establishes the Catholic Church of the Philippines in Manila.

Manila.—The Catholic Church of the Philippines was inaugurated here, Mass was celebrated, and "Bishop" Aglipay, the leader of the movement, delivered an address in which he renounced allegiance to the Pope.

He said that the new church would maintain practically all the religious forms of the Roman Catholic Church. The first announcement of the disaffection church in the Philippines was contained in a Manila dispatch dated August 10. The organizers of the movement were then said to be Isabela de Las Reyes, the labor leader, and Pascual Poblete, formerly a member of the Katipunan secret society. Father Aglipay, a native priest who had been excommunicated by the Catholic Church, was appointed Bishop of the new church. Fourteen bishops and a large lay contingent were also named. The council included Felipe Bencomina, one of the leaders of the Federal party, who was recently in the United States. In some quarters in Manila this new movement is considered serious.

SPANISH MINISTER PRESENTED

New Representative of Spain Received by the President.

Washington, D. C.—The Spanish Minister, Senor Don Emilio de Ojeda, was officially received by President Roosevelt at the temporary White House. Secretary Hay performed the introductions. Senor Ojeda, in his address, said:

"The friendly relations which have of old time existed between Spain and the United States have been renewed. It is the principal object of the Government of his Majesty to cultivate by all the means within its reach trade and commerce between the two countries and contribute to the increasing development of their material prosperity."

The President assured the Minister of his pleasure in meeting the new representative of Spain and promised cordial cooperation in all that may tend to realize lasting amity and increasing advantageous intercourse between this Republic and the Castilian nation.

TWO DROWNED FROM BOAT

An overturned boat caused a double drowning in Lewis Bay, the victims being the Marine Corps, of Hyannis, Mass., and Cornelius Harrington, of Boston, both railroad men. The third man in the boat, Thomas L. Balliet, saved himself by swimming ashore.

CAR COMPANIES MUST CLEAN STREETS

The State Supreme Court, at Springfield, Ill., has sustained the ordinance requiring street car companies to clean up the streets occupied by their tracks.

PARDONED BY PRESIDENT

Fourteen Years of Self-Denial of a Girl Rewarded.

She Successfully Pleaded With President to Free Her Father, Who Was Sentenced to a Sentence for Murder.

Washington, D. C.—Nora Martin, a plucky Arkansas girl, who has been saving every cent she could during fourteen of her eighteen years of life to get "pap" out of prison, left Washington a few days ago happier than she had ever been before. She had "pap" pardon in her hand, and was going to Columbia with it to get him out of prison there and take him home to Yell County. The father, Joseph Martin, killed Ernest Adams in Indian Territory when Nora was four years old.

Attorney-General Knox's recommendation for pardon, which the President endorsed, states that the killing was in self-defense, but that in those days there was such a reign of terror in Indian Territory that the courts treated every offense of the kind with the utmost severity. It is said that Judge Parker, who was the trial judge in the case, tried and sentenced to death more murderers than any judge who had sat within the limits of the United States.

"I have reviewed several of these cases," continued the Attorney General, "and it appears to me that many of them were conducted without regard for the rights of the defendants which prevail in the more settled and law-abiding communities. That condition was, perhaps, the almost necessary result of the state of affairs which existed in the Indian Territory in those days when the Indian Territory was infested with outlaws and desperadoes, and murder and robbery were everyday occurrences."

It is not often that the United States Government exhibits a sentimental side, but it did so in Martin's case. The usual course would be for the Department of Justice to send word direct to the Governor of the Arkansas Territory to release Martin. But Miss Nora pleaded so hard that she might be allowed to take the pardon to her father that she was allowed to do so. She had worked and saved for so many years to accomplish this result that she wanted to have the satisfaction of setting him free almost literally with her own hands.

The President refused a pardon in the case of Lewis E. Goldsmith, cashier of the National Bank of Port Jervis, N. Y., convicted in 1900 of embezzling nearly \$100,000 of the bank's funds. He is serving a sentence of eight years in the penitentiary. Another bank cashier whose plea was denied was Frederick E. Harvey, convicted of murdering (suicide) of the Preston National Bank of Detroit.

MARK TWAIN HAS HIS FUN

Writes in Secretary's Office for Tone of Words for Bad.

Washington, D. C.—The following letter was received at the Treasury Department:

"The Honorable the Secretary of the Treasury, Washington, D. C.
"Sir—Prices for the customary kinds of winter fuel having reached the altitude which puts them out of the reach of literate persons in straitened circumstances, I desire to place with you the following order:

"Forty five tons best old dry Governor brand hoods suitable for furnace gold green per cent 1904 preferred.
"Twelve tons early greenbacks, range size suitable for cooking.
"Eight barrels seasoned twenty-five and fifty cent postal currency, vintage of 1900, eligible for kindling.
"Please deliver with all convenient dispatch at my house in Riverside at lowest rates for spot cash and send bill to your obedient servant.

"MARK TWAIN

"Who will be very grateful and will rate right."

CAVE \$500,000 TO COLUMBIA

John D. Rockefeller Makes the Donation in Teachers' College.

New York City.—John D. Rockefeller gave \$500,000 to the Teachers' College of Columbia University "as a thank offering to Almighty God for the preservation of his family and household on the occasion of the destruction by fire of his country home at Pocantico Hills, N. Y., on the night of September 17, 1902."

The gift is contingent. The college must pay off its debt of \$100,000. Then it is to get \$250,000. Then the college must raise \$250,000 more for endowment funds. To this Mr. Rockefeller will add \$250,000, making the total gift of \$500,000. There is no time limit attached to any part of the endowment.

THE REV. DR. CHAPMAN RESIGNS

The Popular Preacher Will Engage in General Evangelistic Work.

New York City.—The Rev. Dr. J. William Chapman has resigned the pastorate of the Fourth Presbyterian Church of this city, and has accepted a request made by the General Assembly's Committee on Evangelistic Work. He will devote his entire time to the holding of conferences, the conducting of meetings and the general direction of the work of the committee. He will continue to reside in this city, and will supply the pulpit of the Fourth Church until his successor is chosen. Dr. Chapman has filled pulpits in Schuylerville, N. Y.; Albany, N. Y.; and Philadelphia. He emigrated from Lane Seminary, Cincinnati, in 1882.

Home Thrown in Lagoon

A bomb was exploded outside the Episcopal Palace at Leghorn, Italy, child was killed and another dangerously injured.

Regular Army Sergeant Kills Himself

George G. Morris, Sergeant in Company G, Fifteenth United States Infantry, committed suicide at the Monterey (Cal.) Barracks, by shooting. He was from Newark, N. J., where he was killed in April, 1900. He had an excellent record.

Young to Succeed Miles

Adjutant-General Coburn announced that Major-General S. B. M. Young will succeed Lieutenant-General Miles in command of the Army, upon the latter's retirement in August, 1903.

REJECTED BY A TIE VOTE

Denmark Will Not Ratify the West Indies Sale.

RESULT GREETED WITH CHEERS

Action of the Landsting on the Bill Relating to the Acceptance of the Treaty With the United States—A Commission of Inquiry—Negotiations Begun Two Years Ago—Vote Stood 37 to 22.

Copenhagen, Denmark.—The Landsting, the upper house of the Riksdag, has refused to ratify the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The vote was a tie—32 to 32.

After the Landsting had voted not to agree to the cession of the Danish West Indies to the United States the Ministers held a consultation and resolved not to resign. They also decided to send a commission to the West Indies to ascertain what steps were necessary to relieve the present economic distress on the Danish islands there.

The members who were opposed to the sale and their followers in the Landsting vociferously cheered the announcement of the result of the division.

NO SURPRISE IN WASHINGTON

Denmark Expected in Time of Making Island Definitive Grant.

Washington, D. C.—The State Department was advised of the action of the Landsting in rejecting the treaty of cession. The action causes no surprise, for advisers from Copenhagen indicated that the fate of the treaty hung upon the slenderest thread.

Officials here are not precisely advised as to the legislative possibilities in Denmark, but assuming that the action is final for the present session, they are disposed to view the situation philosophically, in the belief that it will only be a short time before Denmark will tire of making good a deficit in the revenues of the islands.

The islands included in the proposed cession have an area of 137 square miles and a population of about 32,000. They are: St. Thomas, considered the most important strategically; St. Croix, and St. John. The islands were ceded to the United States in 1907 for \$7,500,000, but the Senate refused to ratify the treaty. The present negotiations began about two years ago, and resulted in the formal presentation of the treaty to the Senate during the last session of Congress. The price which the United States was to pay for the islands was \$5,000,000.

CARNEGIE URGES EUROPE TO UNITE

Says It Is the Only Hope to Compensate With America.

St. Andrews, Scotland.—Andrew Carnegie was formally installed as rector of St. Andrews University, in the presence of a large and brilliant assemblage, over which Principal Davidson presided.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Laws subsequently was conferred by St. Andrews on Mr. Carnegie. Ambassadors Choate and White, Professor Alexander Graham Bell, of Washington, and Henry White, Secretary of the United States Embassy in London.

Andrew Carnegie's rectorial address consisted of a lengthy study of the comparative growth of nations in the past, of industrial ascendancy, with a striking commentary on the future. In his speech, which was replete with notable statistics and important economic prophecies, perhaps the most remarkable feature was an appeal to Emperor William to use his influence toward the eventual creation of the United States of Europe, under the form of a political and industrial union. In this way alone, Mr. Carnegie said, could Europe conquer the foreign markets or repel the American invasion. France, Germany and Russia, who already had taken joint action against Japan, would suffice to insure a satisfactory union in Europe.

VICTIM OF STRANGE ASSAULT DEAD

No Hope Now of Solving the Strange Case of Mrs. Demala.

Washington, D. C.—After hovering between life and death since last December, Mrs. Ada Gilbert Demala, the victim of one of the most mysterious assaults in the history of the District of Columbia, died in the Garfield Hospital in this city. With her death the last hope of a solution of the mystery has disappeared.

Mrs. Demala came here from Gettysburg, Pa., and married Walter Demala, a Washington actor. She was found on December 10, insensible, in her bedroom. Her skull was crushed. Various theories were advanced as to the motive of the crime, but no definite clue ever was obtained. Robbery was suggested, but rejected, as \$100 on the table had not been taken by her assailant.

In one of her semi-rational moments she exclaimed: "It's a woman." Subsequently she made contradictory statements. She never recovered sufficiently to talk rationally.

New Cost \$60,000,000 Last Year

The annual report of Rear Admiral A. S. King, Commander-General of the Navy, shows that during the fiscal year 1902 there was actually expended for the naval service \$60,893,983. The amount expended on account of construction of new ships, including labor and material, was \$14,392,921. The cost of repairing ships at home and abroad was \$5,892,101.

China's New Rural Guard

A decree for the reorganization of the Chinese rural guard has been issued. The guard is to consist of 300,000 men, divided into three regiments, each regiment having eight squadrons of cavalry and two companies of infantry.

Murder Quickly Avenged

A missionary of the name of Cooper was shot by a fanatic at Fez, Morocco. The assassin, who had taken refuge in a sanctuary, was seized, tried, convicted and shot in front of a Mosque by order of the Sultan.

WAR ON CONSUMPTION

The Progress of the World's Campaign Against the Drad Disease.

French Scheme Proves Successful After Two Years' Trial—Sanitation the Great Weapon—Work in New York.

Berlin, Germany.—The progress of the world's campaign against consumption was described by the leaders in the war in the International Tuberculosis Congress, which assembled in the Prussian Parliament House. There were on hand about 100 eminent authorities on pathological research to talk over the year's work and its results.

The feature of the day was an account by Dr. Chalmette, of Lille, France, of the house-to-house crusade against the disease in France, especially the burning of home system carried out by private beneficence. The State participates in this only by subsidies from the mutual betting of the races. Societies have been formed in each town, supported by Town Councils, to try to prevent the spread of consumption. Among the working classes, and, naturally, educate the families, supplying medicine and advice at dispensaries.

Dr. Chalmette described the operations at Lille since February, 1901. The principle is to give the largest relief to the less seriously injured among the poorest people, so as to lengthen their economic life. Every patient's lodgings at regular intervals are washed with chloride of lime, and the walls are whitewashed. The patients receive clothes, bedding, a pocket square, a table cloth, and one litre of local milk. The sanitary education of the families is done at home, mostly by intelligent workmen specially taught for this kind of lecturing. They explain how to make a house healthy, disinfect linen and supply food and material for relief during the patient's enforced illness. Expectations are instructed that spitting is as dangerous to them as the persons around them, because the expectorated sputum is so easily inhaled.

Dr. Chalmette said nearly two years' practice of this scheme gave satisfactory results. Many patients who had been looked after and helped from one to nine months, resumed work, having no illness in their expectation, and had recovered the appearance of health. In every release patients were assisted and their economic life was thus lengthened.

Dr. Van Rensselaer, of Brussels, read a paper on the notification of consumption cases to the health authorities. The happy results of which and the preventive measures involved could be seen in New York, where the consumption death rate had decreased thirty per cent in a few years.

The objection to notification is that it is against individual liberty and professional secrecy, and might disquiet patients and make them worse, as consumptives lose their situation. This was all refuted by the necessity for acting in the general interest.

An English delegate said compulsory notification was impossible in England, owing to public opinion against interfering with the sanitary conditions of homes.

TO INVESTIGATE COAL STRIKE

Commissioner Investigated by the President—Judge Gray Selected Chairman.

Washington, D. C.—The members of the commission appointed by President Roosevelt to adjust the differences between the anthracite mine operators and the striking mine workers met the President in the White House and afterward organized by the election of Judge George Gray as president of the commission.

President Roosevelt's instructions to the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission were as follows:

"Gentlemen:—At the request both of the operators and of the miners I have appointed you a commission to inquire into, consider and pass upon the questions in controversy in connection with the strike in the anthracite region and the causes out of which the controversy arose. Be the action you recommend, which the parties to interest have in advance consented to abide by, you will endeavor to establish the relations between the employers and the wage workers in the anthracite fields on a just and permanent basis, and as far as possible to do away with any causes for the recurrence of such difficulties as those which you have been called to settle. I submit to you herewith the published statement of the operators, following which I named you as the members of the commission. Mr. Wright being named as secretary. Also the letter from Mr. Mitchell I appoint Mr. Mosely and Mr. Mott as assistants to the secretary."

The commission has already adopted an official name and has had its printing prepared, designating it as the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission.

The preliminary work was conducted promptly and in a businesslike manner. There is an evident determination to follow closely the instructions of the President and to allow no unnecessary delay. The sessions will be open to the public.

Big Strike Riot in France

There were several encounters at Dunkirk, France, between the police and dock laborers, in which a commissary and four policemen were injured. The strikers carried several stones and smashed windows in newspaper offices. They invaded the docks and attempted to cut the moorings of British colliers. They set fire to piles of goods and threw cargo crates and empty boxes into the canal.

Shadow Pictures Painted Out

The crowds that have visited the Capitol Building in Washington to view the shadow portraits of President McKinley and President Roosevelt, painted in the imitation marble walls of Statuary Hall, caused so much annoyance to the workmen that the pictures have been painted out.

Killed in Ship Daughter's Wedding

Because he objected to her proposed marriage, Gust Olson, living near Atkin, Minn., killed his daughter with a butcher knife.

Boiled With His Horse

Lord Dacre, who died fighting for the Lancastrians at Towton, England, in 1461, directed that if he were killed to the battle his favorite war horse should be buried in the same grave with him. According to his wishes, when his interment took place in a Raxon churchyard after the battle a tremendous grave was dug, and in it the warrior was buried, seated upright on his horse. For centuries redoubts were cast upon the accuracy of this tradition, but a few years ago, while excavations were being made close by the reputed burial place of Lord Dacre, the pick of a digger struck into a great bone, and upon further search being made the skull of a big horse was brought to the surface. As this was found almost at the very spot under which the body of Lord Dacre was said to lie, it was accepted as confirmation of the tradition, particularly as the skull was found to be standing vertically in the soil. The skull was replaced carefully in its original position and the excavation filled up.—Chicago Daily News.

A Popular Self-Healer

"If you are perfectly selfish, and perfectly good-natured, you can get all you want in this world," some one remarked, and the assertion is, on the whole, true. That is to say, good natured insistence goes a long way, and when selfishness is added they undoubtedly make a strong team. "I know a man," the speaker continued, "who is universally liked. He is immensely popular, and has more invitations to domestic houses than he can accept, and when there he always gets the best. The best horse is always given him to ride; he manages to have the most desirable seat at dinner; if he keeps people waiting he is never blamed, and so it goes on about everything. But what people do not seem to realize is that he is intensely selfish, and is always looking out for number one; but he does it in such a charming way, and has such a delightful smile that he is considered one of the best-natured people in the world (which he possibly is), and his self-seeking is never detected."—New York Tribune.

"Fair Weather" Helpless Man

"He had no reserve." How often we hear this expression on "change or in the street, when a firm has failed, or when a business man has been pushed to the wall? It would make a fitting epitaph for the grave of many a failure. A man without reserve is like a condemned, leaky vessel. On a calm day, it can be towed from port to port, but it would be utterly helpless in a storm.

The country is full of "fair weather" business men, who can proceed safely as long as there is no strain on the market, as long as collections are easy, and nothing unusual happens. But the moment reverses strike them they go down in the first financial squall, because they have no reserve of strength, no ballast, no spare sails; the keels of the ship are made of pine instead of sturdy oak, and they are easily crushed in a collision or by the strain of a storm at sea.—Success.

Old Mail Box

Among the treasures held by the Antiquarian Society in Portsmouth, New Hampshire, there is an old box the history of which is given on a label which it bears.

The box is of tin, painted green and shows signs of much usage, which is not surprising when one considers that it carried the United States mail between Portsmouth and Boston during the Revolution. It is about nine inches long, four and a half inches wide, and a little more than that in height.

It was carried on horseback by Captain John Noble, otherwise known as Deacon Noble, who was post-rider until 1793. This box contained all the mail, and made every week one round trip, occupying three days in the journey—from Portsmouth to Boston the first or the week, and three days at the end of the week from Boston to Portsmouth. The distance between the two places is a little more than fifty miles.

The mail box is somewhat battered and the paint is faded and scraped, but there is no doubt that in case need arose the stout little box could even now serve as it did in the time of the country's peril.

Mrs. Tupman, a prominent lady

of Richmond, Va., a great sufferer with woman's troubles, tells of her cure by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For some years I suffered with backache, severe bearing down pains, leucorrhoea, and falling of the womb. I tried many remedies, but nothing gave any positive relief.

"I commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in June, 1901. When I had taken the first half bottle, I felt a vast improvement, and have now taken ten bottles with the result that I feel like a new woman. When I commenced taking the Vegetable Compound I felt all worn out and was fast approaching complete nervous collapse. I weighed only 85 pounds. Now I weigh 105 pounds and am improving every day. I gladly testify to the benefits received."

Mrs. K. C. TUPMAN, 423 West 30th St., Richmond, Va.

When a medicine has been successful in more than a million cases, it is just to yourself to say, without trying it, "I do not believe it would help me."

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak and discouraged, exhausted with each day's work. You have some derangement of the feminine organism, and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you just as surely as it has others.

Mrs. W. H. Pelham, Jr., 108 E. Baker St., Richmond, Va., says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must say that I do not believe there is any female medicine to compare with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I return to you my heartfelt thanks for what your medicine has done for me. Before taking the Vegetable Compound I was so badly off that I thought I could not live much longer. The little work I had to do was a burden to me. I suffered with irregular menstruation and leucorrhoea, which caused an irritation of the parts. I looked like one who had consumption, but I do not look like that now, and I owe it all to your wonderful medicine.

"I took only six bottles, but it has made me feel like a new person. I thank God that there is such a female helper as you."

Be it, therefore, believed by all women who are ill that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine they should take. It has stood the test of time, and it has hundreds of thousands of cures to its credit. Women should consider it unwise to use any other medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham, whose address is Lynn, Mass., will answer cheerfully and without cost all letters addressed to her by sick women. Perhaps she has just the knowledge that will help your case—try her to-day. It costs nothing.

FORFEIT if we cannot furnish you the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.

Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

WANT—A man for the United States Navy, able to read and write, age 18 to 25, and good looking. Send your photograph and name to the Naval Recruiting Office, 100 Broadway, New York, or to the Recruiting Office, 100 Broadway, New York.

Dropsey New Discovery, gives relief from all kinds of skin diseases, such as eczema, psoriasis, etc. Price, 25 cents. Sold by all druggists.

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BLAMED FOR A GIRL'S DEATH

"Culpable Negligence" the Charge Against Christian Science Believers.

HEALER AND THE FATHER HELD

The Case of John C. Lathrop and Mr. and Mrs. Quimby, of White Plains, N. Y., Goes to the Grand Jury—Mother of Dead Child Firm in Her Faith—Verdict of the Coroner's Jury.

White Plains, N. Y.—The coroner's jury to examine into the death of Esther Quimby decided that she "came to her death from diphtheria and general septicaemia, owing to the culpable negligence of her parents, John Quimby and Georgiana Quimby; also a certain so-called healer named John Carroll Lathrop, in failing to provide proper medical care and attendance. The evidence warrants the holding of the three persons under the Penal Code on a charge of manslaughter."

Judge Platt held both men in \$2000 bail. They waived examination, and the case will go direct to the grand jury. Mrs. Quimby, who has tonillitis, will not be called to plead until she recovers.

The death of seven-year-old Esther Quimby has made a number of residents of White Plains indignant at the disregard of danger in the village which is thus revealed. Her sister Bessie, who caught diphtheria from her, is recovering, and her brother is not in immediate danger. A new case was reported, that of a child who attended school with Esther Quimby. Mrs. Quimby's symptoms are apparently those of tonillitis.

Mrs. Quimby was examined at her home by the coroner. A record was taken, which will be used before the grand jury. She said she had studied and practiced Christian Science for ten years. She had received lessons from John Carroll Lathrop, the text-book being "The Key to the Scriptures," otherwise Mrs. Eddy's "Science and Health." For these lessons she paid \$100 for the degree of C. R., although she could not tell wherein the instruction benefited her more than a mere reading of the book. She had practiced on friends and her own family, often receiving therefor a fee. She told of the custom in "healing" to "decoy the error mental." When Bessie became ill she sent for Lathrop, as she considered him a higher teacher than herself. The course of the "claim" in the dead child's case was explained.

The testimony of Lathrop was an exposition and defense of Christian Science. He said he was an important pastor in the Christian Science Church, had attended the Metaphysical College in Boston, and had received instruction from Mrs. Eddy.

He found Bessie Quimby, he said, under a "claim" of tonillitis. He then explained the Christian Science ideas of treatment of disease, saying that all diseases were errors of mind, and that consumption and a broken leg should be treated in the same way.

"To what would you ascribe Esther's death?" asked the coroner.

"Nothing, from a Christian Science point of view. It was real in your sense, I suppose," was the reply.

In his treatment, he said, he used as high a realization of the power of God as possible. He did not believe in death, or "outside" did. He received pay for his treatment, sometimes \$30 and carfare, usually a dollar. The fee "depended on the mental state of the patient." In examining him Coroner Randall covered almost the entire course of Mrs. Eddy's book, which he had evidently read recently.

The case will be pushed as rapidly as possible. It is said that Health Officer Birch may also find a means of proceeding against the parents and Lathrop for failure to report cases of contagious and infectious diseases.

SHOWS EARTH'S MOVEMENT.

An Interesting Experiment With a Pendulum in Paris.

Paris, France.—An interesting experiment under the auspices of the Astronomical Society of France took place when a small proof of the revolution of the earth was given by means of a pendulum, consisting of a ball weighing sixty pounds, attached to a wire, seventy yards in length, to the interior of the dome of the Pantheon.

M. Chauvillat, Minister of Public Instruction, who presided, burned a string that tied the weight to a pillar, and the immense pendulum began its journey. Said ball had been placed in the floor, and each time the pendulum passed over it a new track was marked in regular deviation, though the plane of the pendulum's swing remained unchanged. The experiment was completely successful.

A WOMAN'S DRAMATIC END.

Charged With Killing Her Father Mrs. Nettie Hall Held.

La Grange, Ind.—Mrs. Nettie Hall, of Hudson, died suddenly just after being told that she was under arrest, charged with the murder of her father, George Nicholas.

Mr. Nicholas was found dead at the bottom of the cellar steps. It was supposed at first that he had accidentally fallen, but the manner of his fall aroused suspicion of foul play, and these pointed to the daughter, his only heir, and her husband.

A brother of Nicholas arose out warrants for Mr. and Mrs. Hall, and a constable had just placed them under arrest when Mrs. Hall fell backward and expired.

DR. WILSON INSTALLED

The Inauguration of the New President of Princeton University.

Distinguished Guests and Alumni and Students Celebrate Professor's Election as Head of "Old Nassau."

Princeton, N. J.—Hundreds of distinguished scholars, authors, statesmen and professional and business men witnessed the installation of Dr. Woodrow Wilson as President of Princeton University, in Alexander Hall.

Grove Cleveland, former President of the United States; J. Pierpont Morgan, banker; former Speaker Thomas B. Reed; Robert T. Lincoln, U. S. Chief Justice; and the presidents of all the prominent colleges and universities were there. The alumni of Princeton were there in hundreds.

The procession, which marched to Alexander Hall, was formed some miles before 11 o'clock. It was drawn up in eight divisions and began to move at 11 o'clock. Susan H. Davis, one of the class of '30, was chief marshal. Among others in the first division were former President Cleveland and the Hon. Franklin Murphy, Governor of the State; President-elect Wilson and former President Francis T. Patton.

Governor Murphy presided at the inaugural exercises. In speaking for the Board of Trustees, Governor Cleveland referred to the growth of the university and its high place in the world of education. He pledged the support of the Board to the newly chosen President.

President Wilson, in his inaugural address, said that Princeton was planned to serve America. In referring to the necessity of college education, he said, in part:

"The age has hurried us, has shouldered us out of the old ways, has bid us to be moving and look to the cars of a practical generation; and we have suffered ourselves to be a little discouraged. No doubt we were once pedants. But there are some principles of which we must not let go. We must not lose sight of that true conception of a general training which led our fathers, in the days when men knew how to build great States, to build great colleges, also to sustain them."

"There are two ways of preparing a young man for his life work. One is to give him the skill and special knowledge which shall make a good tool, an excellent bread-winning tool, of him; and for thousands of young men that way must be followed. But it is not for the college and it never can be. The college should seek to make the man whom it receives something more than a trained practitioner of a profession. It should give him elasticity of faculty and breadth of vision. It is this free capital of mind the world most needs in need of—this free capital that awaits investment in undertakings, spiritual as well as material, which advance the race and help all men to a better life."

The procession then returned and moved to the steps of Nassau Hall, where President Wilson delivered a brief address to the alumni. Then the academic ranks moved down McKee street to the entrance of Prospect avenue, where Dr. Wilson turned the key for the new dormitory that has been given by his class.

President and Mrs. Wilson gave a reception at their home to the alumni, undergraduates and visitors. President Wilson also gave a dinner to the representatives of other universities and some of the special guests of the university.

Dr. Wilson is Princeton's thirteenth President. He was born at Stanton, Va., on December 28, 1856, and was graduated from Princeton in 1879.

DETECTIVES ARREST STILLMAN.

Governor Murphy's Business Secretary Found in New York City.

Newark, N. J.—Suspected of being short in his accounts with the Murphy Varnish Company, of which Governor Franklin Murphy is the head, Clarence L. Stillman was arrested in New York City. Stillman had for several years been the Secretary of the company, and last winter for a time was Private Secretary to the Governor at Trenton. His shortage, it is alleged, will amount to \$10,000.

Stillman dropped out of sight the other day, and at that time Governor Murphy gave out a statement that he had been engaged in speculation. The statement did not charge him with robbery. In Stillman's desk at the varnish works was found a New York address, and New York detectives were asked to hunt for him. Detectives Kinler and Duggan learned recently that Stillman was in that city, and had been seen around the Hoffman House and up in Harlem. Stillman was arrested by the detectives while he was at breakfast in a fashionable hotel.

Stillman has been in Governor Murphy's employ for seven years, and was his confidential business adviser. The day after Stillman disappeared a friend of his in this city gave out part of the contents of a letter he had received from Stillman, in which the missing man said he had read the statement in the papers about his disappearance, that he would return to Newark on Monday, but he failed to do so. His wife, who asserted that she had no idea where he was, on Wednesday had the furniture removed from her home in Newark, and she and her two children went to Elmhurst, N. Y.

Value of an Iowa Child.

The Iowa Supreme Court decided that the life of a child under five years cannot exceed \$5000 in value.

To Reduce the Army to 50,000.

A general order has been issued announcing that by direction of President Roosevelt the entire strength of the Army under the reorganization act of February 2, 1901, shall be reduced to 50,000, the minimum authorized.

Planned to Kill an Emperor.

The police of St. Petersburg have captured an accomplice in the reported plot against Dowager Empress Marie Dagmar of Russia, which was recently unmasked at Copenhagen.

WOMAN'S CHAMPION DEAD

Elizabeth Cady Stanton Passes Away at New York City.

SUFFRAGE MOVEMENT HER OWN

She Ignited the Call For the First Convention of the Party and Wrote Its Declaration of Principles—Advocated the Cause of Her Sex as Lecturer, Editor and Author.

New York City.—Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, the venerable and noted advocate of woman's suffrage, died at her home, No. 250 West Ninety-fourth street. Death was sudden, as Mrs. Stanton had been ill only a day. Mrs. Stanton, who was the widow of Henry Brewster Stanton, was eighty-seven years old and retained her faculties through all the years of her long life. Less than four weeks ago she wrote an interesting article for a newspaper. Elizabeth Cady Stanton was born at Johnstown, N. Y., in 1815, and was the



ELIZABETH CADY STANTON.

daughter of Judge Daniel Cady. While quite a young woman she resolved to do something to free her sex from the disabilities under which they were then living. As a first step she determined to make herself the equal of men in education, so she was in college in mathematics, Latin and Greek, and devoted special attention to law under her father's direction, and thus fitted herself to become the opponent of oppressive legislation regarding women.

In 1840 she married Henry B. Stanton, well known as a leader and lecturer in the anti-slavery movement. He was a delegate to an anti-slavery convention in London in 1840, and they went to that city on their wedding trip.

Mrs. Stanton made a thorough study of the position of women, as the result of which she resolved to urge their right to more remunerative work, to hold property after marriage, to advanced education, to independent judgment in religion and to the same political status as men.

In 1840 she removed to Seneca Falls, N. Y., and two years later she issued a call to the first Woman's Rights Convention. It was held on July 10, 1848, and it inaugurated the woman suffrage movement. Mrs. Stanton's resolutions, which declared it to be the duty of the "women of this country to secure their sacred right to the elective franchise," were passed, although Mr. Stanton did not approve of his wife's advanced views, and she had opposition among her best friends.

In 1850 Susan B. Anthony became Mrs. Stanton's collaborator in the fight for woman suffrage, and for forty years they worked side by side with unflinching ambition and enthusiasm. Mrs. Stanton lectured widely in behalf of the cause, and frequently addressed State Legislatures asking for changes in the laws relating to inheritance, education, divorce and the suffrage.

It was Mrs. Stanton's custom to claim everything for her sex in order to gain something, and in this her life in securing for women the elective franchise she sought to preserve to them all their womanliness, the possibility of which was best illustrated in her own life.

TITLE TO PANAMA CANAL VALID.

Box Says That the Property May Safely Be Bought For \$400,000,000.

Washington, D. C.—President Roosevelt will select the Panama route for the isthmian canal, and it will be built. This was made certain by the report of Attorney-General Knox, upon his inquiry as to the title of the Panama canal property, offered to the United States for \$40,000,000 that it is "good, valid and unimpaired."

The only other question is as to the necessary concessions to be made by Colombia and the United States, and there is no doubt on the part of the Administration that the Colombian Government will ratify the treaty drafted by Secretary Hay, in accordance with the directions of Congress.

Apparently the last hope of the Nicaragua route advocates is vanishing, and there is no prospect of success for the opponents of any isthmian canal. The President has power, under the action of Congress, to designate the Panama route, now that the title is shown to be satisfactory; to pay the \$40,000,000 asked by the Panama Company, and to appoint a commission to provide for its construction, if he is also satisfied that suitable concessions will be made by Colombia. He is preparing to appoint the commission as soon as the question of the Colombian concessions is finally settled favorably, with Rear-Admiral John G. Walker, U. S. N., retired, as its president.

King's Progress Through London.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra made their delayed coronation progress through South London to the Guildhall, being a feat for the benefit of the masses rather than the classes. Shortly after the royal party left the Guildhall a fire broke out in the dome of that structure, but it was speedily subdued, after much excitement. An insane clergyman was arrested, having in his possession a small quantity of gunpowder, with which he intended to do damage to somebody or something along the line of the royal progress.

Insects Think Like Men.

Insects think as truly as men do, although not, of course, on the same scale. This is the belief of M. Forol, a French neurologist, who has been making observations of ants and bees for relaxation. He thinks that, between the ideas of the naturalist who regards insects as mere automatons and those of man who treats them as if they had human intelligence, there is a happy medium of common sense, and this he has tried to attain. His observations teach him that, although most of the acts of insects can be explained by instinct, there remain what he calls "small plastic judgments," by which they avoid difficulties and alter their way between dangers. The directive faculty of bees especially, and their wonderful memory for places, can hardly be explained on the theory of automatism.

Famous Viewers.

The latest find in England is flowers grown from bulbs procured from the battlefields of South Africa. A firm at Littlehampton makes a specialty of this, and has recently done quite a big business in specially selected bulbs imported from the field, blood and kopie. It was a novel idea, and the firm was soon making up collections as fast as its staff could work—collections of bulbs guaranteed to have been gathered on Spion Kop, Magersfontein, Colenso, Elandslaagte and many other famous battlefields. The same idea has been taken up in America, plants from famous battlefields of the civil and Spanish American wars having been collected by several women, who have had special opportunities for gathering their taste for flowers.

Office Building For Doctors.

No time has been lost by Henry Kahn in proceeding to the erection of a handsome structure for physicians' offices on the lot he bought a few weeks ago on the south side of Sutter street, 2063 feet west of Taylor, says the San Francisco Chronicle. It will be five stories with basement and occupy a lot 45 feet 10 inches wide by 100 feet 6 inches deep. The base is to be of granite, with a liberal use of plate glass, and the upper portion will be in pressed brick of red and yellow hues. Marble will be employed for the entrance and the interior will be furnished in a tasteful and durable manner. Each of the offices will be provided with its own bathroom and supplied with special electric devices and X-ray closets.

In cases where bronchitis has become chronic from want of proper treatment in the earlier stages, there is nothing so good as Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Breast Tea, in conjunction with which is strongly advised the use of St. Jacobs Oil as an outward application along the front of the throat, from close up under the chin to well down to the top of the chest; the one remedy assists the other, and as intended, they work in complete union. The wonderful penetrating power of St. Jacobs Oil enables it to reach the adhesion of foreign matter which lines the bronchial tubes and which makes breathing more and more difficult. As these adhesions become inflamed and enlarged, St. Jacobs Oil causes such adhesions to break away, making expectoration easier and more free.

Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Breast Tea, drunk slowly and very hot, soothes and heals the parts, is comforting and quieting, stops the cough and relieves the breathing. This manner of treatment (and there is no other two remedies that will work together so successfully) reaches the difficulty from the outside and the inside at the same time. St. Jacobs Oil reaches the roots of the adhesion, and assists Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Breast Tea in clearing them; then both remedies act in unison in healing and curing. The above remarks apply with equal force in cases of asthma, croup, whooping cough, enlarged tonsils and all bronchial affections. Every family should have St. Jacobs Oil and Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Breast Tea always in the house in order that they may be promptly used in the first stages. Often the maladies develop with wonderful rapidity, and complications take place with equal suddenness.

The British public use up nearly 800 tons of cardboard yearly in the form of post-cards.

Bad Coughs.

"I had a bad cough for six weeks and could find no relief until I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Only one-fourth of the bottle cured me."

L. Hawn, Newington, Ont.

Neglected colds always lead to something serious. They run into chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or consumption.

Don't wait, but take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral just as soon as your cough begins. A few doses will cure you then.

Three sizes: 24c, 50c, \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are writing J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

There is no more than 250 different species of fish inhabiting the waters of America north of the Isthmus of Panama.

John's Happy Pills are manufactured by the Happy Medicine Co., 109 North of Richmond, N. Y. City. They are highly recommended for malaria and chills and fevers.

A machine has been invented for picking potato bugs.

RICE permanently cured. No Dis or nervousness. First day a use of Dr. King's Great Nerve-Relieving, Pain-Expeller and Transfuser Dr. H. H. Koss, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

When a fellow proposes he expects the girl to take him at his word.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

The truth is not always pleasant, and that's when it is generally told.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs. Wm. O. Eschwege, Vancouver, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

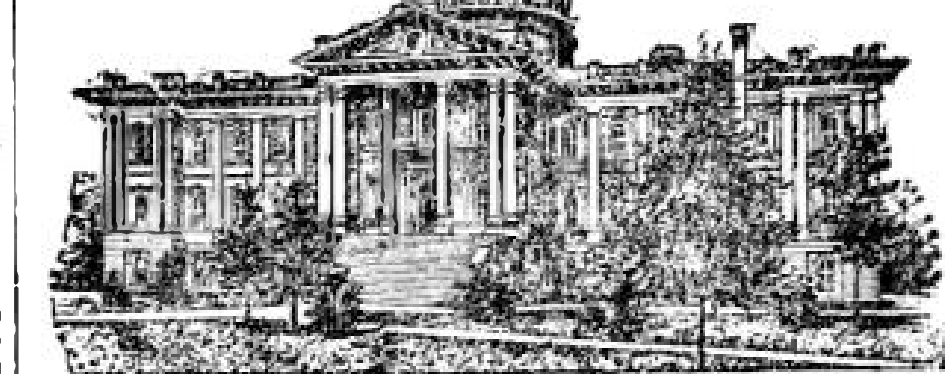
American shoes are worn by thousands of Europeans in their native lands.

JANE TAYLOR BUTTER COLORED makes top of the market butter.

The trouble with money is that it goes so much faster than it can be.

GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Uses Pe-ru-na in His Family For Colds and Grip.



CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

A Letter From the Executive Office of Oregon.

Pe-ru-na is known from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Letters of congratulation and commendation testifying to the merits of Pe-ru-na as a catarrh remedy are pouring in from every State in the Union. Dr. Hartman is receiving hundreds of such letters daily. All classes write these letters, from the highest to the lowest.

The outdoor laborer, the indoor artisan, the clerk, the editor, the statesman, the preacher—all agree that Pe-ru-na is the catarrh remedy of the age. The stage and rostrum, recognizing catarrh as their great enemy, are especially enthusiastic in their praise and testimony.

Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost omnipresent. Pe-ru-na is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure colds, to cheat catarrh out of its victims, Pe-ru-na not only cures catarrh, but prevents every household should be supplied with this great remedy for coughs, colds and so forth.

The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Pe-ru-na. He keeps it continually

in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

STATE OF OREGON, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, SALEM, May 9, 1900.

The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O. Dear Sir—I have had occasion to use your Pe-ru-na medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly, W. M. Lord.

It will be noticed that the Governor says he has not had occasion to use Pe-ru-na for other ailments. The reason for this is most other ailments begin with a cold. Using Pe-ru-na to promptly cure colds, he protects his family against other ailments. This is exactly what every other family in the United States should do. Keep Pe-ru-na in the house. Use it for coughs, colds, grippe and other climatic affections of winter, and there will be no other ailments in the house. Such families should provide themselves with a copy of Dr. Hartman's free book, entitled "Winter Catarrh." Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, Ohio.

Too Lonesome For Johnnie.

Johnnie had been caught putting his little fingers in the jam, and in order to extricate himself from the dilemma had told a neat lie.

"I feel very much ashamed of you, Johnnie," said the mother, sadly. "I fear a little boy who tells lies will never go to heaven."

"Did you ever tell a lie?" asked audacious Johnnie, sucking the remainder of the jam from his fingers.

"Well—I hope—I fear—" began his mother.

"Did you ever tell a lie?" Johnnie went on, remorseless.

"Your father is a good man," came the diplomatic rejoinder.

"Then, nan," said Johnnie irreverently, "I don't want to go to heaven. It would be awfully lonesome with just God and me and George Washington."

—New York Times.

Business Royal Kitchen.

More meals are served daily at the Court of Madrid than at any other Court in Europe. At 8 o'clock in the morning comes the first breakfast, consisting of ten, chocolate, coffee, cakes and hot and cold meat. At 11 o'clock a second breakfast is served, consisting of soup, two entrees, roast meat, vegetables and dessert. Four o'clock is the lunch hour, and the royal family then partakes of ten, cakes, sand which and Spanish wine.

At 7 o'clock the grand dinner, in which several guests are invited, is served and it consists of two kinds of soup, two entrees, roast meat, several Spanish dishes, dessert, cheese and fruit. At 9:30 o'clock the final meal is served, consisting of ten, chocolate, cold meat, cakes and wine.

Bad Coughs.

"I had a bad cough for six weeks and could find no relief until I tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Only one-fourth of the bottle cured me."

L. Hawn, Newington, Ont.

Neglected colds always lead to something serious. They run into chronic bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, or consumption.

Don't wait, but take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral just as soon as your cough begins. A few doses will cure you then.

Three sizes: 24c, 50c, \$1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are writing J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

There is no more than 250 different species of fish inhabiting the waters of America north of the Isthmus of Panama.

John's Happy Pills are manufactured by the Happy Medicine Co., 109 North of Richmond, N. Y. City. They are highly recommended for malaria and chills and fevers.

A machine has been invented for picking potato bugs.

RICE permanently cured. No Dis or nervousness. First day a use of Dr. King's Great Nerve-Relieving, Pain-Expeller and Transfuser Dr. H. H. Koss, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

When a fellow proposes he expects the girl to take him at his word.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

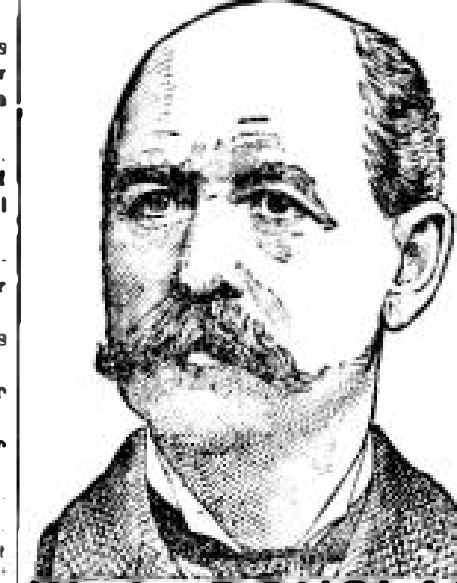
The truth is not always pleasant, and that's when it is generally told.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of throat and lungs. Wm. O. Eschwege, Vancouver, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

American shoes are worn by thousands of Europeans in their native lands.

JANE TAYLOR BUTTER COLORED makes top of the market butter.

The trouble with money is that it goes so much faster than it can be.



W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 & \$3.50 SHOES MADE IN U.S.A.

W. L. Douglas shoes are the standard of the world.

W. L. Douglas made and sold more shoes in a year than any other shoe maker in the world.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$4 SHOES

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DECATUR.
Oct. 28.—To Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Armstrong, a daughter was born to them Saturday eve, October 18.
Mrs. J. Bates and Mrs. Roy Basford were at Hermon Saturday on business.
Roy Basford has gone to Edwards today on business.
Rev. R. S. Wightman, who has had a vacation for the last three weeks and visited his parents in New York city, returned home Saturday.

Town Talk.
Yes it's town talk. Only 25c per pound of 16 ounces. If you use Toluco, give it a trial. Corner Store.

I desire to announce to the people of Hermon and vicinity that I have just received and will have on hand through-out the season
A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE OF HAT
Millinery
consisting of
Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets,
Silks, Velvets, Ribbons and all Millinery Trimmings.
An experienced and competent milliner has been engaged for the season and first class work is guaranteed.
We also carry an elegant line of Children's and Infants' Hats, Bonnets and Tams, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Print Wrappers and Dressing Gowns.
A full line of Embroidery and Quilt Stitches and Stamped Goods.
We solicit a call and your patronage.
Mrs. Z. A. Brown
HERMON, N. Y.

Consorial Parlor
You are Next
If you want a good clean shave, shampoos or an up-to-date haircut, we would advise you to come and see us.
AT THE OLD STAND,
E. L. LaRoe,
Hermon, N. Y.

Tonsorial Parlors
H. W. B. Morgan, Proprietor,
Hermon, N. Y.
RULES.
Look when you come into the shop. Tell us all of your troubles; we will advise you, as we have had experience and troubles of our own.
Don't be afraid to "spring" a \$30 bill on us for a shave. We have plenty of time to make the change, etc.
Insist on being NEXT, even though the shop be filled when you enter. If you don't someone else will.
Ingrowing hair pulled without pain—to the barber.
Be sure to ask who will win the next base ball game or prize fight, for we have nothing to do but to look it up.
To prevent errors please pay before and after shaving.
After you are shaved stay with us as long as you like. We have plenty of room.
Don't kick if the razor pulls. The others may be worse.
If you want to "get it in the neck" take off your collar.
If you have not the money, "soft soap" or "hot air" will do.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
The undersigned having been restored to health by simple means after suffering for several years with a severe lung affection, and that died of Consumption, I am anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To those who desire it, he will cheerfully send free of charge a copy of the prescription used, which they will find a cure for Consumption, Asthma, Catarrh, Hemorrhoids and all other lung troubles. He has also written a book on the subject, which will be sent free of charge to those who desire it. Those desiring the prescription, which will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing, will please address
Mr. EDWARD A. WILSON, Brooklyn, New York.

PATENTS
We are now offering a full and complete line of Patents, Trade-Marks, and Copyrights.
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Opposite U. S. Patent Office, WASHINGTON D. C.

WEST HERMON.
Oct. 28.—Mrs. Mary Matteson, of Gouverneur, is visiting friends here.
Frank Comstock is visiting his relatives in Theresa.
Perley Fairbanks has rented A. B. Richardson's farm. Mr. Richardson will live in part of the house.
Eugene Ladd is moving to his farm lately purchased at the Branch.
David Hunt is moving back from Gouverneur to his farm on the Old Bed road.
The Misses Julia, Clara and Myrtle Grant spent Saturday and Sunday visiting in Russell.
Joe Cook has rented a farm in Dekalb.

RYBTER.
Oct. 27.—Mr. James Mahoney has returned to Hinckley after a slight illness at his home in this place.
Mrs. Ed. Waldo and son, Willie, returned from Rensselaer Falls last week. While there, Willie had the typhoid fever but is now better.
Mr. Arthur Foley, who is employed by A. L. McCrea, spent Saturday and Sunday at his home in Gouverneur.

W. Roulston spent Sunday at his home in Hermon.
On Tuesday, Oct. 21, at noon, two of our young people, Miss Nellie Flynn and Mr. Chas. Richardson were quietly married at St. Mary's church, Canton. They left the same day for Vermont on their wedding trip. They have the congratulations of their many friends.
Our little town is kept pretty busy with sickness at present. Mr. John Morrow with La Grippe, Mr. John Wells with typhoid fever and Mr. Winom McCollum and Master Michael Toomey are both ill, and it is feared they have the fever also.
Miss Louise Chapman spent Sunday at her home in this place.

SOUTH RUSSELL.
Oct. 27.—Rev. Havens of Russell, made some visits in this place last Tuesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Town visited relatives in Fullerville and Emeryville last week.
Last week while working in the woods for Mart Leary, Wm. Towles got hurt by a lodged tree. There was a gash cut in his forehead and one side of his nose was torn from his face requiring five stitches in all.
Chas. Davis is beginning to move his effects from C. Place's farm to Russell.
Mrs. Jay Dewey of Edwards, was the guest of Mrs. Albert Smith today.
Last Wednesday little Lena Howland was thrown from her uncle's milk wagon, one wheel passing over her body. Other than numerous bruises she was not seriously hurt.
Mrs. Andrew Clark is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Jennie Hughes.
Mrs. H. R. Wilcox and Mrs. Daniel Kinney visited at Mrs. Hiram Chase's at Silver Hill today.
Willie Bogert spent Sunday with Mrs. Martha Russ and family of Bellville.
Mrs. Salem Town entertained Mr. and Mrs. Noyes of Edwards, yesterday.

RUSSELL.
Oct. 28.—Mrs. Florence Cousins, of Edwards, visited her friend, Mrs. C. D. Shaw.
Mrs. S. K. Miles, Mrs. Barney Scott and Mrs. P. G. Carr have gone on the Boston excursion.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dadds and family, of Gouverneur, were the guests of George Dadds and wife.
Clara Smith received a telegram announcing the drowning of Mr. Barker, of Clayton. Miss Smith started at once. Her sisters, Mrs. Bart and Mrs. Doolittle were in Clayton at the time of the sad affair.
Three Miss Grants of Edwards were guests of Lester Hatch and wife over Sunday.
Ward Burrows, of Hermon, was in town Sunday.
L. Russell has moved into J. M. Palmer's house.
Lula Ellis is to teach school at Cranberry Lake.
Orbe Stewart is improving his home.
Mrs. Mary Briggs, of Gouverneur, made her mother, Mrs. A. Jennie a short visit.
Ida Hosford and Ida Maine were home from Canton last week.
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Page spent last week in Gouverneur.
Dorothy Allen was in town last week.

THE NEW YORK WORLD THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

Read Wherever the English Language is Spoken.
The THIRCE-A-WEEK WORLD was a brilliant success in the beginning and has been steadily growing ever since. Time is the test of all things, and has set its seal of approval on the Thrice-A-Week World, which is widely circulated in every State and Territory of the Union, and wherever there are people who can read our mother tongue.
This paper for the coming winter and the year 1903, will make its news service, if possible, more extensive than ever. All events of importance, no matter where they happen, are reported accurately and promptly.
The subscriber, for only one dollar a year, gets three papers every week and more news and general reading than most great dailies can furnish at five or six times the price.
The Thrice-A-Week World is absolutely fair in its political news. Partisan bias is never allowed to affect its news columns, and Democrat and Republican alike can obtain in its pages truthful accounts of all the great political campaigns.
In addition to all the news, the Thrice-A-Week World furnishes the best serial fiction, elaborate market reports and other features of interest.
The Thrice-A-Week World's regular subscription price is only \$1.00 per year and this pays for 136 papers. We offer this unequalled newspaper and HERMON NEWS together one year for \$1.65.
The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

Whoa!
Stop and look at our fine line of
Carriages, Farm and Road Wagons, Harnesses, Whips, Blankets, Fly Nets, Dusters, Harness Oils, Spavin Cure, Axle Grease, Plows.
W. D. Wilson
Dekalb Junction, N. Y.

Every New Yorker should read
The Story of New York State
By EUSTACE KOBBS
This is a true story of the good old Empire State, told in a most interesting and reminiscent manner, touching in a characteristic style upon many people and places of which you have heard a little, but should hear more.
The story is in two parts. The first half, treating of New York City, is in the October issue, and the balance in the November issue of

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Regular, reliable, simple, up-to-date, economical and absolutely perfect fitting Paper Patterns.
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All kinds of dresses and patterns for the cutting and sewing them.
Only 10 and 15 cents each. No other charge.
THE McCALL CO.
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STOVES
If you are thinking of purchasing a stove of any kind do not fail to call and see our line before buying.
We have the goods and the prices are right.
EVERY STOVE GUARANTEED
Round Oak Stoves \$13, Upwards.
Four Hole Ranges \$25.
Steel Ranges \$30, Upwards.
CALL AND SEE THEM.
Also our full and complete line of Hardware, Crockery, Stoneware and everything pertaining to a first class general store.
The Iron Clad Store,
N. D. WALKER,
DEKALB JUNCTION, N. Y.

There have been many time-measuring methods and machines. The perfected time-measuring machine is a Waltham Watch.
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HERMON HOUSE,
HERMON, N. Y.
W. L. MIX, PROPRIETOR.
TABLES UNEXCELLED.
ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS.
A First Class Barn in Connection with Hotel.

KINNIE HOUSE,
HERMON.
New Throughout. Popular Prices.
Best Accommodations.
Hot Water and Hot Air Heat. Gas Lights.
Hot and Cold Water Baths.
FRANK KINNIE, PROP.

E. S. BURNHAM,
LIVERY, STAGE & EXPRESS LINE
ESTABLISHED 1843
Hermon, Russell and Dekalb Junction Daily.
Meet All Trains. Express Handled.
Prompt Attention Given to Everybody.
My Livery Department is well Equipped with Stylish rigs.
Drivers furnished if desired.

LEGAL NOTICE.
NOTICE.
PURSUANT to an order of Able R. Hermon, Attorney at Law, of the County of St. Lawrence, and according to the Statute in such cases made and provided, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Mary J. Hermon, late of Hermon in said County deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the subscriber, at his residence in Hermon in said County, on or before the 31st day of July next.
G. T. CHANEY, Attorney.
Dated Jan. 20th 1902.

NOTICE.
PURSUANT to an order of Able R. Hermon, Attorney at Law, of the County of St. Lawrence, and according to the Statute in such cases made and provided, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of William H. Hermon, late of Hermon in said County deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the subscriber, at his residence in Hermon in said County, on or before the 31st day of July next.
G. T. CHANEY, Attorney.
Dated June 15th 1902.

NOTICE.
PURSUANT to an order of Able R. Hermon, Attorney at Law, of the County of St. Lawrence, and according to the Statute in such cases made and provided, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Harvey E. Hermon, late of Hermon in said County deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the subscriber, at his residence in Hermon in said County, on or before the 31st day of July next.
G. T. CHANEY, Attorney.
Dated July 16th 1902.

NOTICE.
PURSUANT to an order of Able R. Hermon, Attorney at Law, of the County of St. Lawrence, and according to the Statute in such cases made and provided, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of Harvey E. Hermon, late of Hermon in said County deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the subscriber, at his residence in Hermon in said County, on or before the 31st day of July next.
G. T. CHANEY, Attorney.
Dated July 16th 1902.

NOTICE.
PURSUANT to an order of Able R. Hermon, Attorney at Law, of the County of St. Lawrence, and according to the Statute in such cases made and provided, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of John J. Hermon, late of Hermon in said County deceased, that they are required to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereon, to the subscriber, at his residence in Hermon in said County, on or before the 31st day of July next.
G. T. CHANEY, Attorney.
Dated Oct. 10th 1902.

SUMMONS.
SUPREME COURT—ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY.—Ada Scott, plaintiff, against John M. Tracy, John C. Tracy, his wife, The First National Bank of Canton, New York, Abner C. Wells, Witherspoon, Henry Foster and George R. Smith, as defendants of the estate of John J. Hermon, late of Hermon in said County deceased. Defendants.
To the above named defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, or the day after the expiration of said period, if you are in default, judgment will be taken against you by default for the demand in the complaint.
Dated this 15th day of February, 1902.
G. T. CHANEY, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and P. O. address: Hermon, N. Y.

To Eva M. Gentry, if you and the foregoing summons is served upon you by post by the postman on and before the 15th day of March, 1902, you are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, or the day after the expiration of said period, if you are in default, judgment will be taken against you by default for the demand in the complaint.
Dated this 15th day of February, 1902.
G. T. CHANEY, Plaintiff's Attorney.
Office and P. O. address: Hermon, N. Y.

ROBERTSON & PARKER,
General Blacksmiths and Wheelwrights.

HORSESHOEING A SPECIALTY
Shop on Maple St., Hermon, N. Y.

Patronize Home Industry and
SMOKE KAISER'S
FINE HAVANA CIGARS
No Prizes Given Away with our cigars.
FRANK KAISER, HERMON

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